A. W. More & Co
MINING BROKERS
Real Estate and Insurance Agents. Mining Shares Bought and Sold.
70 Douglas St., Victoria.

The Daily Colonist.

TEXADA ISLAND, Some of the best claims on above and adjacent islan's, also at ALBERNI, for sale or bond at reasonable prices or on working arrangement. Apply to
Thos. Kitchin, Nanaimo

VOL. LXXVI.---NO. 5 VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA TUESDAY JUNE 16 1896 THIRTY-EIGHTH YEAR.

NEW LEATHER BELTS
With Sterling Silver Buckles
And Trimmings. . . . .
—AT—
Challoner, Mitchell & Co.'s, (The Jewelers, 147 Government Street.

In Stock:
Saltpetre. . . . .
Blue Vitriol . . .
Boiled Oil . . . .
Raw Oil . . . . .
Whiting . . . . .
Red Oxide Paint.
Putty . . . . .
Hudson's Bay Co.,
.....Wharf Street, Victoria, B.C.

We Are Playing Ball

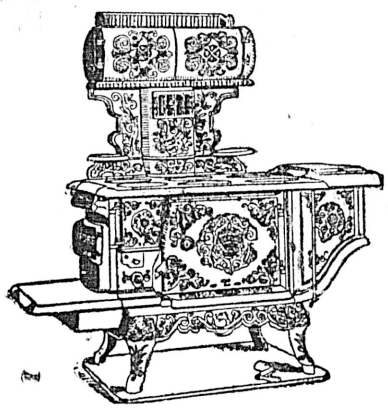
And don't hold third place, nor make "errors." "A home run" on quality and price. We defy competition in quality, and "scoring" a reputation on the excellence of our goods. We want your "judgment" on our ability to give satisfaction, and are not "caught out" on our efforts to please.

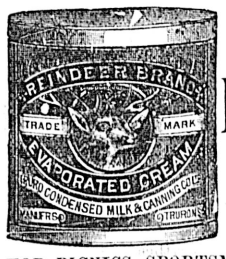
"BASE HITS"
Cowichan Creamery.....25c.
Delta Creamery .....25c.
West Indian Lime Juice.....25c.
Ontario Apple Cider .....25c.

Dixi H. Ross & Co.

ESTABLISHED 1858.
IF YOU WANT CLOTHING
You want to buy it where you know you will get value for your money. You also want to have a choice of styles and patterns. We think we have the largest stock in the city. For values try us. We have good Clothing and we have cheap, low-priced Clothing. We do not advertise our Suits for $5.00 as a rule, but we can sell you lots of them at that figure—good enough for the money—but better put a few dollars to the five and get a good suit; it pays in the end.
Gilmore & McCandless.

CHEAPSIDE
CAN SUPPLY YOU WITH
Lawn Mowers,
Rubber Hose,
Lawn Sprinklers,
Garden Syringes,
Spray Pumps,
Hedge Shears and
Gardening Tools
of all kinds at Rock Bottom Prices.
GEO. POWELL & CO.
Cheapside, 127 Government Street.





Have YOU Used
Reindeer Brand
Evaporated Cream?
FOR PICNICS, SPORTSMEN OR HOME USE. THIS CREAM IS UNSURPASSED. ASK YOUR GROCER FOR A TIN.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A situation by a Japanese boy; English; well to do general servant; he like any place, city or country. Japanese C.E.S., 126 Yates street, city. je16-2t

WANTED—A well educated woman over 30; of good business ability to manage a business for a large firm. Address H.R.F., Colonist office. je16-1t

WANTED—A cheap mare, about 15 hands and weighing about 1200 pounds; quiet to ride and drive; can be seen in town on Wednesday. G.D., Colonist office. je16

MELLOR'S pure mixed paints warranted absolutely pure: $1 50 per imperial gallon. J. W. Mellor, Fort street, above Douglas. je11-tu-th-sa

WANTED—A few first-class milking cows; state particulars and price. J. & R. Musgrave, Duncans. je16-6t

WANTED—General servant. Apply Mrs. Mess, 138 Cadboro Bay Road. je16-3t

TO RENT—160 acres land on sea shore, 1½ miles from Union Bay wharf; beautifully situate; partly under fence; with orchard, hay fields, house and barn; rent $75 per annum. Apply I.B.H., Box 171, Cumberland, B.C. je16-3

A YOUNG MAN wishes position as travelling or local salesman in a wholesale or retail house; liquors or cigars preferred. Address C.K V., Colonist. je16-2t

MELLOR'S enamels for decorating furniture, etc; 25c per tin. J. W. Mellor, Fort street, above Douglas. je11-tu-th-sa

LOST—On June the 5th, a fine fire screen fan, between Oswego street and Bellot. The finder will confer a great favor by leaving it at 15 Bellot street. je15-1t

TO RENT—For the summer, bedroom and sitting room; with use of kitchen. Apply to Mrs. Hooper, Ross Bay. je16-3t

EMPLOYMENT for an active young gentleman willing to invest $1,000; good security. Address Causeland, care Mrs Turner, 43 Fort street. je16-2t

LOST—Fox terrier bitch, with chain. Suitable reward is offered for return to Colonist office. je16-1t

SAY, did you know that we will have a lot of new onions in by boat from San Francisco to-day, at 10 lbs. for 25c.? Sylvester Feed Co. Ltd., City Market.

TRIUMPH LODGE, No. 4, A.O.U.W., will give an ice cream social and dance at A.O U.W. hall on the evening of June 25th; good music, and an enjoyable evening assured all attending. Admission 50 cents. je16-5t

COAL FOR SALE—Best household Wellington at lowest market rates. Delivered to all parts of the city; full weight guaranteed; white labor only employed. Munn, Holland & Co., Broad street, (opposite Driard). Yard foot of Johnson street. fe20

It's Rich.
OUR ICE CREAM SODA, 10 CENTS.
JOHN COCHRANE, CHEMIST,
N.W. corner of Yates and Douglas Streets.

PENITENTIARY SUPPLIES.
THE time for receiving tenders for Penitentiary Supplies is extended until Saturday the 20th, June inst., at 12 o'clock noon.
DOUGLAS STEWART,
Inspector of Penitentiaries.
Department of Justice,
June 6th, 1896. je16-1t

NOTICE.
During my absence from Victoria, Dr. C. F. Newcombe will be acting Curator of the Provincial Museum.
JNO. FANNIN,
Curator Provincial Museum.
Victoria, June 13, 1896. je16

PUBLIC AUCTION.
I will sell at public action on Thursday, June 18th, 1896, at 11 o'clock, under a warrant of distress, and other sufficient authority, the goods and chattels undermentioned, at 84 Government street, known as "Gribble's": Counters, show cases, gas fixtures, vases, silverware, stationery, books, general line of toys and games, bird cages, lamps, baskets, pocket knives, cash boxes, magic lanterns, cups and saucers violins, accordeons, brushes, jewelry, flags, fishing rods, cricket sets, cricket bats and balls, base balls and bats, and numerous other articles.
Terms cash.
J. E. McMILLAN, Sheriff,
je16-3t For the Bailiff.

W.T. HARDAKER, AUCTIONEER
AUCTION
This Day at 2 p.m.
I am instructed by Mrs. Orr to sell at her residence,
51 Princess Ave.,
FURNITURE and EFFECTS
including oak and ash bedroom suites, woven wire and top mattresses, lounges, easy chairs, rockers, sideboard (with plate glass back), tables, chairs, carpet, linoleum, crockery, glassware, Sunset cooking range, etc.
ENGLISH COTTAGE PIANO,
London make, in good condition.
Terms cash.
je14 W. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.

The Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.
(Incorporated 1890.)
The Sixth Annual Meeting of the donors and subscribers to the institution will be held in the City Hall on Tuesday, the 30th June, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.
Business—Receiving the annual report of the president and directors, and the treasurer's statement for the year ending 31st May, 1896, likewise the election of directors.
The four following directors retire, but are eligible for re-election: J. S. Yates, Joshua Davies, William M. Chudley and Alexander Wilson.
Donors and subscribers can vote for four members only. The City Council nominate five (5), the Local Government three (3), and the French Benevolent Society three (3), making a total of fifteen (15) directors. All donors of money and subscribers are eligible to vote for the election of directors
H. M. YATES, Secretary.
Victoria, B.C., 13th June, 1896. je13-td

Some very handsome umbrella stands and jardinieres, just opened up by Weiler Bros.; you should hasten to make a purchase. x

Fifteen cent tea-kettles, at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street. x

THE OAK BAY MEETING

Enthusiastic Assembly of the Electors to Hear the Conservative Candidates Speak.

An Old Time Liberal Announces His Intention to Vote for Prior and Earle.

Hon. Mr. Prior and Mr. Earle addressed a well attended and enthusiastic meeting at the Oak Bay school last evening, for although there had been no time to advertise the meeting owing to it having been only possible to arrange it during the afternoon the attendance was very good, and the applause bestowed on the speakers showed that the Liberal-Conservatives are strong in that section of the city.

Mr. C. F. Beaven took the chair and called upon Hon. Mr. Prior to speak, saying that that gentleman had proved himself a good and faithful representative of the city.

Hon. Col. Prior on rising explained the difficulty he and Mr. Earle had experienced in trying in the short space of time at their disposal to visit all parts of the district. He apologized for the short notice of the meeting by explaining that it was only that afternoon that they had been able owing to other arrangements to settle it. He would like, he continued, to remark on a headline he had seen in the Times that evening, and which was he thought in very bad taste, for no one had a right to impute a falsehood against a political antagonist unless he could prove it. He alluded to an article in the Times headed "British Pacific Lies," which questioned the truth of his statements as to the attitude of the Dominion government in regard to that road. He would repeat that every word he had stated in public upon the subject was the truth; he could say no more. He again gave emphatic denial as at other meetings to the charge that the government was unduly influenced by the C.P.R., and repeated that the application was made to the government to assist the British Pacific. It was laid before the Council and the government had decided to assist it, as stated by him previously. He and Mr. Earle were interested in the original charter and held exactly the same interest as Mr. Rithet himself. If Mr. Templeman wanted to prove that, he could ask Mr. Rithet. He next referred to what the Grits call the "gerrymander bill," which he explained was simply to give the people of the district more polling places and better conveniences for voting. Mr. Templeman had acknowledged having telegraphed to Mr. Martin to oppose it, "on general principles." What kind of a man was that for a representative who would oppose everything brought in by the government "on general principles," whether it was for the good of the country or not? In regard to the policy of the Liberal Conservative party, it might be said that it was "the same old speech" he was making to-night that he gave at other meetings, but the fact of the matter was that no man could do differently, for the Liberal Conservatives had but one policy. They were not like the Opposition, with half a dozen. The Liberal Conservatives meant to stick to one policy, for that one was the right one for the country. (Applause.) The National Policy had been in force since 1879, and no other could have been framed that could have been such a success. What a difference to the opposition, who at one time were for free trade and at another for unrestricted reciprocity, telling the people in one place that they were going to protect the farmers and in another that it was going to be free trade. He was here to tell just "the same old story." He believed that the industries of the country should be protected and that the farmers should not be placed in the condition they were in in the old free port days when they were unable to get a decent price for their produce on account of the importations from the American side. The Conservative policy had been a progressive one to build up the country. They had been the authors of the largest public works, had built the grand canal system, the C.P.R., the Intercolonial railway, and had always done their level best to open up the country. He then went into the trade question. It had been seen that our small industries could not be built up without a tariff to assist them against the large industries that were in existence to the south. The aim of Sir John Macdonald and the successive governments after him had been not to put on a prohibitive tariff, but to give a certain measure of protection. The farmer, the artisan and the manufacturer were alike benefited, for one depended on the other. If Laurier got into power to-morrow it meant ruin to all of them, for he had stated again and again—open up our ports to the world. Cartwright had said the same thing and had even stated that the American market was more to Canada than all the rest of the world put together. Sir Richard Cartwright thought that it was better for Canada to throw in her lot with the U. S. than with Great Britain, for that was what his words really meant. The Liberal Conservative party had as one of their planks the strengthening of the bond between the different parts of the Empire, and he believed that this could be done by preferential trade, advantageous to both countries. Sir Charles Tupper was in favor of this federation of the Empire and was going to do his best to help bring it about. What had the Liberals done for Canada? Why they never built one big work while they were in power and they only had built railways at the rate of 300 miles a year during their term. This was in contrast with the progressive policy of the Conservatives. Then the Liberals were always talking about boodle and corruption; but they took good care never to mention the Port Francis locks on which $500,000 was spent and they were never used after they were built. Hon. Mr. Mackenzie the Liberal leader had said that the whole of the resources of the British Empire would never build the C.P.R., yet under the Conservatives it was built, and that five years sooner than had been expected. Taking up the debt of the Dominion next, Hon. Mr. Prior said that the debt to-day of $253,000,000 was large, but not for Canada with her assets and resources. Out of that debt 109 million dollars had been the debts of the provinces assumed on confederation by the Dominion; and of the balance $6,000,000 had purchased the great Northwest that last year had a harvest of grain valued at $24,000,000, four times the whole amount it had cost the country. Then there was $45,000,000 spent in building the Intercolonial, and $14,000,000 more of the debt represented branch lines and subsidies to railways all over the country; the C.P.R. cost $62,000,000, and surely this money was well spent and the advantages gained more than made up for the extra 50 cents per head taxation added since confederation. Would Canada stand as high in the financial centres of the world to-day if she had been badly governed? Our bonds now sold in the European markets higher even than those of the United States. Since 1890 the taxes had been decreasing, and while giving ample protection the free list was 44 per cent. of the imported goods as compared with 34 per cent. during the Liberal regime. He went on to instance how the farmers had benefited by protection, giving as an example the wonderful increase in the pork industry and other articles. He had never yet heard from the ablest man in the House of Commons an argument that could show how free trade would benefit the country. They must not believe that the Liberals would not give free trade, and he proceeded plainly to prove by reading in Hansard Dr. Montague's speech, which instanced where Mr. Laurier at St. Thomas, Newmarket and elsewhere had plainly spoken out promising free trade as it is in England and condemning protection. Mr. Prior would defy anyone to show where Mr. Laurier had denied this; he tacitly admitted the truth of Dr. Montague's statements. Mr. Prior concluded by proving how necessary it was to guard against the worst of all threatened competition, that of the Japanese, and he closed with pronouncing himself as in hearty accord with the present government, and asking the electors if they believed in a true progressive policy for Canada to vote for himself and Mr. Earle on the 23rd. (Great applause.)

Mr. Earle, who was received with very hearty applause, said that they were well aware that the two questions that interested the electors were the tariff and school questions. Believing as he did that the trade question was the real one before them he would deal with that. He took it that every man who had followed the history of Canada since Confederation would admit that the Conservative party was the one that had benefited the country. All the great works had been carried out by that party, and he might say that all these great works had met with the opposition of the Liberals. This was the case with the C.P.R., and now that it was completed even the Liberal leaders themselves could not but admit the soundness of the Conservative government's policy in building it. Under the Liberals trade was in a very bad state, but since the Conservatives came into power the country had advanced. If these were facts, and they could not be controverted, that policy should be continued. The Liberal policy was a shifting one. They had abandoned reciprocity and now free trade was their policy. Mr. Templeman and Dr. Milne talked about protecting the farmer, but how they could reconcile this with the Liberal party platform he was at a loss to understand. The Conservatives had a policy and he appeared before them as a candidate on that policy. He was a protectionist up to the hilt and he would support the government whose policy was protection. (Applause.) He did so because that was the policy that had done so much for Canada since 1879. The Liberal Conservatives had constructed railways, increased the canal system, given more communication and developed the country generally. The British Pacific railway was a scheme that came home to ourselves. The government were committed to help out that scheme and had the hearty support of Hon. Mr. Prior and himself, who had as much interest in the British Pacific as anyone else. Touching on the trade policy, he said that the question was asked in the Liberal papers "Had the N. P. made you rich?" It had certainly helped the community at large. In support of this he quoted the increases of savings banks deposits, and in reply to Mr. Templeman's contention at Esquimalt the other night that the savings banks deposits were no criterion of prosperity, said that as savings banks deposits represented small depositors it surely showed that the people had saved money since 1878. Taking all other lines in financial matters the blue book returns showed the same healthy increase in the deposits in chartered banks, insurance business, discounts, circulation, all showed very large increases. In the face of all these facts he could not conceive how it could be argued that the condition of the community had not improved under protection. If elected on the 23rd (a voice "you will be," and applause), he would stick to the government so long as the government supported the principle of protection which had benefited the country so much. (Applause.) On the school question he and Mr. Prior stood in the same position as they had already taken in support of the government. The question was simply, "Shall Canada keep the compact made with the people at the time that Manitoba entered confederation?" In fact there was no difference between Mr. Laurier and Sir Charles Tupper on that question, for Mr. Laurier had said if he could not succeed "in a sunny way" he would restore the minority their rights in a constitutional way. He would ask them in conclusion if they consider that he and Col. Prior would serve them well to vote for them on the 23rd. (Applause.)

Mr. C. P. Wolley, Mr. H. Dallas Helmcken and Mr. Robert Cassidy gave short addresses in favor of the Liberal-Conservative policy and endorsing the two candidates, Mr. Prior and Mr. Earle.

The chairman, Mr. Beaven, said he desired to say a few words. He was from Prince Edward Island and had been a strong Liberal there. He still would be if he were there, but British Columbia was a different place. Charity began at home, and he wanted what was best for B.C. He voted for Templeman last time but this time he was going to vote for Prior. (Applause.) He was a protectionist in B.C. even if the Liberals did look on him as a black sheep. The Liberals were free traders, there was no disguising that. The farming industries in B.C. were pretty well protected to-day and if there were any farmers with mortgages on their places, take away protection and they would be in a hopeless condition. On the school question he had a thought that if the minority were given a money consideration it would settle that. Mr. Laurier, if he were elected, would stumble on that very question to-morrow.

Mr. Radford gave his personal experience of the value of protection for the British Columbia farmer. He had lived in Oregon and could tell them from he what knew that take away protection and they would be flooded here by the produce from the American side which the farmers could not sell at home. They are so hard up they would sell it at almost any price to get money.

As it was now nearly midnight the meeting adjourned with cheers for the candidates and a vote of thanks to the Chair.

Cowichan river flies,—a new stock just opened at Fox's, 78 Gov't street. x

Lawn Mowers at Cheapside. $4.25. x

FROM THE CHIEFTAIN!

The Premier Tells of His Triumphal Progress Through Eastern Canada.

Never More Confident of Sweeping Victory—Hugh John Macdonald Also Happy.

This is the day for the nomination of candidates for seats in the seventh House of Commons of Canada. That those on the Liberal-Conservative side will thus formally enter the electoral contest with high hopes of another grand victory for the party, the following message from the Premier is evidence:

TORONTO, JUNE 14th, 1896.

Hon. E. G. Prior, Victoria:

During the past week I have addressed seventeen mass meetings in the Province of Ontario, from Ottawa in the East, to Windsor in the West, and during the coming week I hope to address nearly as many more. These meetings have been without parallel in the history of the province, in the numbers present and the unbounded enthusiasm displayed.

I am glad to be able to tell you that the Conservative party never presented a more united front in Ontario, and were never more confident of a sweeping victory than now.

All boasting of our opponents to the contrary, Ontario will give us a good majority on the 23rd.

At the same time my advices from Hugh J. Macdonald assure me of our certain success in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories.

CHAS. TUPPER.

THE PREMIER'S TOUR.

Sir Charles Tupper is Creating a Splendid Impression Throughout Ontario.

Latest Estimates of the Situation—Regulations for the Manning of Ships.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, June 15.—Sir Charles Tupper is still continuing his triumphal tour. His bold manly speech at Windsor on Saturday night on our relations with the United States created a splendid feeling throughout Ontario. While expressing the friendliest feelings towards our neighbors, the intimation that Canada could not continue to meekly accept overt acts of aggression on the part of the United States, was loudly applauded.

The latest estimate of the situation in Quebec gives 40 sure seats to the Conservatives, 19 to the Liberals and 6 doubtful.

The government has received the report of the Imperial committee on the manning of ships. The new scale of crews, according to tonnage, will apply to Canadian vessels clearing from British ports.

THE RIFLE LEAGUE.

Leading Scores in the Third Match Fired Throughout Canada on Saturday.

The third match of the Canadian Military Rifle League series was shot Saturday, the numerous teams throughout Canada who compete shooting on their own ranges.

For the whole Dominion the leading scores as received by wire were as follows, the rifle used being the Martini except where the Snider is mentioned.

77th Bn., Dundas, 3rd Snider	938
82nd Bn., 1st team	889
13th Bn., Hamilton, 1st	880
Guelph Rifle Association	875
St. John Rifle Association	871
13th Bn., Hamilton, 1st Snider	871
45th Bn., Lindsay, 1st team	869
14th Bn., Kingston	859
Sussex Vale Rifle Association	859
45th Bn., Bowmanville	857
59th Bn., Cornwall, only team	856
13th Bn., Hamilton, 2nd Snider	853
Truro Rifle Association	852
57th Bn., Peterboro	848
Kings R. A., Kentville	841
No. 1, R. R. C. I. London	837
77th Dundas, 1st	834
48th Highlanders, 1st team	828
10th Grenadiers, Toronto, 1st team	825
Guards' Rifle Association, Ottawa	823
4th Artillery, Charlottetown	822
69th Bn., Bridgetown	821
Victoria Rifles, Montreal	821
P. of W. Rifles, Montreal	817
13th Bn., Hamilton, 2nd	815
82nd Bn., 2nd team	808
1st Artillery, Halifax	805
Sudbury Rifle Association	804
Tilbury R. A., Berlin	802
20th Bn., Georgetown	802
36th Bn., Guelph	801
63rd Bn., Halifax, N.S., 1st team	800
Queen's Own Rifles, Toronto, 1st team	799
10th Grenadiers, Toronto, 3rd team	792
58th Rgt., C.A., Victoria, B.C., 3rd team	792
10th Grenadiers, Toronto, 2nd team	782

Democratic Convention at Chicago. Round trip $71.50, via Great Northern. x

If sick headache is misery, what are Carter's Little Liver Pills if they will positively cure it? People who have used them speak frankly of their worth. They are small and easy to take.

Creamers, stone churns, scythes, snaths, grass hooks, lawn mowers, etc., at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street. x

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE

Political Meetings in Vancouver—President Jim Hill at Westminster—Coquitlam Bridge.

Specimens for the Royal City's Museum—Panthers in the Cedar District.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, June 15.—Mr. Cowan held a largely attended and enthusiastic meeting at the school house, Central Park, on Saturday night. Dr. Wilson spoke in Mr. Cowan's behalf. Messrs. Bowser and Maxwell were represented.

Rallies were held in all the political committee rooms on Saturday night. At the opposition rally Mr. Maxwell was not present, and the meeting was addressed by Messrs. Templeton, McLagan, McGeer, and Ald. Marchant of Victoria.

The crowd at Mr. Cowan's committee rooms extended far into the street, and those present were very enthusiastic. Mr. Cowan is rapidly gaining ground. The speakers were Dr. Carroll, R. B. Ellis and Capt. Mellon.

WESTMINSTER.

WESTMINSTER, June 15.—The proposed bridge over the Coquitlam is to be built at once. A committee has been appointed by the Coquitlam Council to look after the details.

President Hill and Vice-President Clough, of the Great Northern, were in the city for a few hours yesterday. They left St. Paul on Tuesday last on a tour of inspection.

At the Langley Court of Revision on Saturday, before Judge Bole, 13 appeals were allowed.

Mr. John Fannin, Curator of the Provincial Museum, Victoria, has offered to mount free of charge any specimens sent him for the Natural History Museum.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, June 15.—Ross Cluness and J. Thomas, of Cedar district, received on Saturday the bounty of $7.50 awarded by the government for every panther killed. A lady resident of the district, with a child in her arms, discovered on Friday a female panther and two kittens and notified Cluness and Thomas, who "treed" and shot the youngsters, but the mother escaped.

Dr. Brainerd, of Montreal, president of the Hamilton Powder Company, came up from Victoria on Saturday to inspect the company's works at Northfield.

"AN OCEAN OF WEALTH."

The Liberals Objected to Railway Communication With What They Termed "A Sea of Mountains."

(From the Toronto Mail and Empire, June 8.)

The reports of the mining operations in British Columbia indicate that that splendid province is wealthier than has ever been supposed. Not so many years ago the opposition leaders objected to railway communication with the West on the ground that British Columbia was merely a "sea of mountains." The Conservative leaders had to overcome this objection, and they succeeded through the loyalty with which they were sustained by the party, and by the independent thought of the country. Now we are beginning to understand how mistaken, how short-sighted, how faithless, the Liberals were, and how great a work Sir John Macdonald and his lieutenant, Sir Charles Tupper, accomplished when they stood up for the West and pushed the railway on to the Pacific. The sea of mountains is turning out to be an ocean of wealth. Gold, silver, lead, copper are found in enormous quantities among the despised hills and valleys, and it is the opinion of an expert that we have in British Columbia a country that is richer, that will draw a larger population, and that has a far better future than South Africa. Already mining lands have been bought at high figures. People are entering the mining districts. Towns are springing up in various directions. Farmers are taking up land and producing supplies. It is a question to be settled almost immediately whether Canada shall enjoy the advantage of the Western wealth, or pass it over to our neighbors. If we hold to our protective system we shall have percolating through our channels of trade and industry the results of the labor expended in the West. Certainly if a London firm can sell its products on the borders of Alaska other Canadian industrial establishments can provide the manufactured necessities of districts that are much nearer. The protective system will give our industries and our merchants the trade of a country that in a few years will be more valuable than that of South Africa, highly prized as it is by our fellow-subjects in Great Britain. A revenue tariff or free trade will simply pass the entire business over to the United States. The mines and the wealth will be in Canada, but the resulting trade and industry will go next door. It will be rank folly if, over a school question in respect of which the opposition has no satisfactory policy, we sacrifice material interests which have always been watched and fostered by the Canadian party.

ABOUT THE LIVER.

A lazy, slow or torpid liver influences the whole system, causing biliousness, sick headache, sallow complexion, languor and dullness. Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the liver, purifies the secretions and cures all forms of liver troubles. We say so and here is the proof:

I hereby wish to thank you for the great benefit derived by me from your Burdock Blood Bitters. For three years I was troubled with liver complaint and tried everything to no purpose. I had almost given up hope until one day I determined to try Burdock Blood Bitters I can say now that marked improvement resulted from the use of the first bottle and at the end of the sixth bottle I discontinued its use, being completely cured.

GEO. NICHOL, Seaforth, Ont.

I can certify to the above in every particular.
W. G. MCLENNAN, Seaforth, Ont.

We can say without hesitation that our stock of summer curtain goods cannot be beaten. Our line of art cretons came direct from Liberty's and comprise the latest effects of that school. Weiler Bros. x

A HAPPY WEDDING.

Marriage of Mr. Albert Mayer and Miss Leah Phillips on Sunday.

SEATTLE, June 15.—The Mayer-Phillips nuptials, the talk of Jewish circles for several weeks, were solemnized yesterday evening at 7 o'clock at the home of the groom's brother, Joseph Mayer, general manager of the Empire Jewelry Company. The affair was magnificent and passed off without a hitch. Both parties are well and favorably known and start out in life with every prospect of success. The groom, Mr. Albert Mayer, is a thorough business man and enjoys the confidence and friendship of leading merchants. Miss Leah Phillips is an attractive brunette and is possessed of many accomplishments. She is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Phillips, formerly of Victoria, and a sister of Mrs. Joe Mayer. The couple will take up their residence at 1303 Yesler way, where they will be at home to their friends.

The handsome Mayer home was beautifully decorated; the front parlor, in which the impressive Jewish wedding ceremony was performed, was a mass of choice flowers. In the west end of the room and facing the company, the contracting parties stood beneath a floral bell of fragrant flowers, the background of which was draped and decorated with pinks and roses, making a most beautiful effect. The hall was also decorated. A sumptuous wedding dinner was served in the second parlor and dining room. The table was a sight to inspire an epicure and gladden his heart. The traditional custom of the Jewish people at wedding repasts of first passing around the benediction cake, made especially for the occasion and cut by the rabbi, was adhered to. Numerous toasts were offered, the most effective being the toast to the absent father and mother of the groom by the aged father of the bride. Dancing was indulged in during the evening to the strains of an orchestra. Mr. and Mrs. Joe Mayer made the jolliests of hosts.

Miss Phillips, the handsome and vivacious sister of the bride, attired in white silk, trimmed with white lace and white satin ribbon, acted as bridesmaid, and the little Misses Clara Isaacs, Beckie Isaacs and Freda Kuhn, were maids of honor. Charles Phillips, brother of the bride, was best man, and Sollie Phillips and Jerome Kuhn pages. The bride wore an exquisite white silk gown and bridal veil and carried in her hand a bouquet of Marechal Neill roses. The wedding gifts were numerous and handsome.

You should not fail to see our stock of curtains and drapery goods; carpets etc.; the largest west of Toronto. Weiler Bros. x

LOCATION OF THE MINERAL HILL GOLD MINING COMPANY'S PROPERTIES.

Northern Light.	Queen of Diamonds.	Standard.	Daisy.
		Lucky Boy.	
Alberni-Victoria.	Cons'lid'td Alberni.		
Warspite.	Chicago		

President—A. A. Davidson, Victoria, B.C.
Vice-president—W. K. Leighton, Nanaimo, B.C
Secretary treasurer—Herbert Cuthbert, Victoria, B.C.
Solicitors—Messrs. McPhillips, Wootton & Barnard.

— THE —

MINERAL HILL

Gold Mining Co., of Alberni,

Limited Liability.

Capitalization $750,000, in 750,000 Shares of One Dollar ($1.00) each, 375,000 of which shares are held in trust for the purposes of development.

Trustees—A. A. Davidson, W. A. Dier, W. K. Leighton and L. Goodacre.

The above company was incorporated for the purpose of acquiring, prospecting and developing the following five (5) mineral claims on Mineral Hill, north of the Alberni Consolidated Company's properties, Alberni: Northern Light, Standard, Queen of Diamonds, Daisy and Lucky Boy.

The company intend within fourteen days, as soon as the snow will permit, to put a force of men upon the properties, thoroughly prospect them, and to commence active development upon the most valuable claims.

The following is an extract from Prof. W. J. Sutton's report to the government: "On the Alberni claim two veins of gold quartz have been exposed. The lower vein has about two feet of crystalline quartz, containing free gold disseminated through the quartz in fine particles and in some places plainly visible to the naked eye. . . . The vein dips about 65 degrees east with a strike of north 15 degrees east. . . . The country rock on the Alberni claim, as already mentioned, is greenish-grey schist, being an igneous rock highly metamorphosed, through hydrothermal agencies. The same rock formation occurs on the claims lying to the north and south of these claims."

Since the above was written by Mr. Sutton the Alberni and other adjoining claims have been formed into the Alberni Consolidated Gold Mining Company, which is proving a most valuable property, the shares being quoted in the open market at from 45 to 55 cents per share.

The company believes from Mr. Sutton's remarks and from the testimony of other experts and practical miners and prospectors, that the main Alberni lode goes right through some of the company's claims, and that several of them will prove as valuable as the Alberni claims.

A special feature of this company is that the vendors have decided to put half the total shares in trust to be used for the purposes of the company only. This ensures almost unlimited capital to develop.

A very limited number of shares will be sold at 7 cents and subscriptions for these are invited. As several thousand of this issue have already been applied for, the company do not bind themselves to allot all applied for, providing the number exceeds the limit set, but will allot them to each applicant pro rata.

Subscription List opens Monday at 10 a.m. and closes Thursday at 10 a.m. for town, and 1 p.m. for country.

All particulars and information may be had at the company's offices, 64 Douglas St., from HERBERT CUTHBERT, Sec.-Treas.
je13-1mo

NOTICE.

Mr. J. Auld Wilson is no longer authorized to transact any business in our name or on our behalf. We also had his written undertaking, when we retained his services, not to engage in business of the same nature after leaving us.
je6 HERBERT CUTHBERT & COMPANY.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

STOCK MINING BROKERS.

JOHN A. WILSON & CO.,

MINING BROKERS,

48 Langley Street, Victoria, B.C.

ALL THE BEST STOCKS SUPPLIED AT MARKET RATES.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.
je11-tf

Flint & Prossor,

MINING BROKERS,

No. 18 Broad Street.

Special stocks for sale:

Palo Alto, Vulcan,
Deer Park, Poorman,

Only first-class properties handled. my31

LIONEL C. BARFF,

MINING BROKER,

Of the Victoria Stock Exchange of B.C.

Claims in Alberni and Trail Creek for Sale.

Shares in the War Eagle, O.K., Josie, Iron Mask, St. Elmo, Monte Cristo, Evening Star, Georgia and other Crown grant properties for sale. Shares bought and sold.

fe15 *Office—32 Langley St., Victoria.*

Geo. Shedden,

Mining and Stock Broker,
16 Trounce Avenue. . . .

Special quotations for shares in Kootenay, Cariboo and Alberni Mines. Correspondence and Inquiries solicited

P.O. Drawer 70, Telephone 50. my17

Buckler & Lancaster

Buy and sell on commission Trail Creek

MINES AND STOCKS.

Leiber's Telegraphic Cipher. Correspond With Us. | Rooms 301-2 Hyde Blk, **Spokane, Wash.**
ap25

ASSAYS AND CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

J. A. McFARLANE, F.C.S.,
623 Hastings St., Vancouver, B.C.

All assays and analytical work done in duplicate, with scrupulous personal care and promptitude. ap5-3m

W. Pellew Harvey, F.C.S.

(Mem. N. Eng. Inst. M. & M.E.)

Mining Engineer and Assayer.

Mill tests made up to 2000 lbs. | VANCOUVER, B.C.
ap11-tf

Crown Point Gold Mining Co., Trail Creek

Is one of the soundest companies and best mines in the camp.

President—John A. Finch, Esq.

Development work is going on at a rapid rate and on the first of the month they will commence to ship ore, and from that time on the company expect it will pay its own way. It is a perfectly sound investment and will yield handsome results. No treasury stock after this month.
H. CUTHBERT & CO., Sole Agents.

MONTE CRISTO.

The development of this property is being pushed for all it is worth. Very expensive and complete machinery is now ordered and will be in place in a few weeks. Franck C. Loring is manager. H. CUTHBERT & CO., Agents.

ST. ELMO.

This mine was shut down all winter and as a result this stock was not very active. Mr. Franck C. Loring has now assumed the management. A fine new ledge has been uncovered and shipping ore found. Shipments of this will be made in a few days.

The above stocks are the kind we most desire to push. Sound investments at low prices. Remember, Josie, O.K. and others were selling at 20 cents not very long ago, and they are mines to-day. We have shares in almost every mine for sale and maps every day, but we specially advise the public to buy those particularly mentioned. We have sold several thousand lately. H. CUTHBERT & CO.
je13

FOR SALE.

A portion of the N. and S. Saanich Agricultural Society's land in S. Saanich, containing 64 acres, more or less; about 20 acres clear; never failing stream of water. For further particulars apply to the Secretary.
H. F. HALDON,
my6-2m Turgoose, P.O.

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

YOUNG man of respectability leaving city at the end of this month on an extended trip via England would like to communicate with any party on business or act as companion or otherwise undertake any commission. Please address J.J.S., this office. je14-1w

GIRL WANTED—Apply Mrs. Carter, 56 Rock Bay avenue. je14-3t

WANTED—We beg to solicit a share of your fire insurance business and the collection of your rents and interest. A. W. More & Co., insurance agents, 70 Douglas street.

WANTED—A man with some knowledge of the shoe business. Apply Gilmore & McCandless, 35 and 37 Johnson street. je14

WANTED—At 83 Johnson street, ladies' and gentlemen's cast off clothing and shoes. my19-tf

TO LET OR LEASE.

TO LET—A five-roomed cottage; bath, etc.; rent $7 per month, including water. Two four roomed cottages, $4 per month, including water. Apply 1 Clark St., Spring Ridge. je14-1m

TO LET—One or two rooms, furnished, close to beach, park and cars. Address H.T.K., Colonist office. je14-3t

TO RENT—Good cottage on Harrison street, Spring Ridge; will take able bodied man's work in exchange for the rent. Pemberton & Son. je12-3t

FOR RENT—Handsomely furnished rooms for rent, single or in suite; also housekeeping rooms. Apply Mrs. F. B. Williams, Balmoral. je7-tf

TO BE LET—Modern 7-roomed house, five minutes from Post Office; moderate rent. Apply to Heisterman & Co., 75 Government st. je2-1m

COMPLETELY furnished house to let; hot bath. Apply 91 Fort street. my31-tf

TO LET—Either singly or en suite, at low rents, well lighted rooms over Jamieson's Bookstore, Government street. Apply to W.H. Langley, 52 Langley street. my21-1m

TO LET—Housekeeping rooms at Elsmere House, 104 Pandora street; separate kitchen if desired. my14-1m

FOR RENT—Large front room, suitable for two; every convenience; breakfast if desired. Apply 5 Queen's avenue, near Government street. de24-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Milch cows and calves. James W. Meldram, Douglas street, near Fountain. je14-3t

FARM FOR SALE—One of the best farms on Vancouver Island for the money; 207½ acres, 40 under cultivation; good house and farm buildings. Price reduced to $7000. A. W. More & Co., real estate agents, 70 Douglas st.

HOUSES and vacant lots for sale in all parts of the city. A. W. More & Co., agents, 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—A Shetland pony, cart and harness. Apply 2 Blanchard street. je12-6t

PIGS—Pedigree Berkshires for Sale. Apply Rosedale, Turgoose P. O., S. Saanich. je7-1m

FOR SALE—Two-storey brick dwelling, all modern conveniences; with eleven rooms; will be sold cheap; parties leaving town. Apply at Rice Mills. James Townsley. je3-1m

RANCH FOR SALE—South Saanich, 63 acres, of which 30 cultivated; with modern, well-built house and other improvements. Particulars from Geo. Shedden, 16 Trounce avenue. my31-tf

FOR SALE—Cows first-class milkers; also fine span mules, 16 hands. Apply John Richards, grocery store, James Bay, or E. Dunderdale, Hal. & Goepel, 100 Government street. ap12-1msw

FOR SALE—Best household Coal and Wood at market prices. Apply Flint & Prossor.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TRAIL CREEK MINES—We have one of the best stocks in the market, and the papers to prove it. Call at Lee & Fraser's, Trounce avenue. my23

CELERY AND TOMATO PLANTS, extra strong (transplanted); tomato plants per doz., 15 cents; celery plants per 100, 40 cents. McTavish's Nursery. je6-12t

MISS GERTRUDE MARRACK (late of Australia and San Francisco) is prepared to give lessons in all branches of vocal music, and will make a special feature of voice building; lessons also given to advanced piano and organ pupils. Office hours 10 to 11, Lombard's Music Store, Fort St. Residence Roccabella. my24-1m

FISHING—STAGE AND CANOE—A stage will leave Duncan on arrival of morning train on Saturday for SETLAM, giving fishermen the opportunity of a day's fishing, and returning by canoe down the river in evening. Fare for the round trip, $3.50. For special trips and rates apply at Pioneer Livery Stables, Duncan. je2-1m

ADVERTISING AGENCY.

L. P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco is our authorized agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. je8

ARCHITECTS.

JOHN TEAGUE, Architect, corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. Established 1863.

BAKERS.

M. R. SMITH & CO.,
VICTORIA, B.C.,
Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes: fe1

DRESSMAKING.

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.
MRS. MARSHALL
Has removed to No. 132 Vancouver street, where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style and perfectly fitted. de1-tf

EDUCATION.

MR. KAYE receives pupils for instruction in Book-keeping, Arithmetic, Mathematics and other Subjects; cases of neglected education receive special attention. 111 Fisgard street. my19-1m

MUSICAL.

PIANOFORTE TUNING.
MR. A. F. OWEN,
Pianoforte Tuner, from J. & J. Hopkinson's, the well-known manufacturers of pianofortes, London, England; 12 years experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm; 3½ years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria. Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore. fe5

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, No. 41 Pandora street, dealers in all kinds of photographic material; views of British Columbia and Alaska.
Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Finding Store, 41 Pandora street; boots, shoes, leather and shoe findings; "K" boots a specialty. fe1

PAINTERS.

R. LETTICE, dealer in paints, oils, varnish and window glass; agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspinall's Enamel. No. 40 Fort street. mr17

PHYSICIAN.

DR. H. J. FLEISCHER (Deutscher arzt) Specialty—Surgery and genito-urinary diseases. Office, Gottstein Block, Seattle, Wash. Office hours, 12 to 4 p.m.; Sundays 12 to 1 p.m. se22-3m

SCAVENGERS.

ED. LINES, General Scavenger 236 Yates street.—Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Geo Munro's, 89 Government street; Speed Bros., corner Douglas and Fort; or Blair & Gordon, corner Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. de3

TO THE ELECTORS

—OF—

VANCOUVER DISTRICT.

GENTLEMEN:—The Dominion Elections are at hand, and it will be your privilege and duty to elect a member to represent you in the House of Commons

I have the honor to be chosen by a large portion of the electors from all parts of the district to become a candidate for the office that must be filled.

The most important subject before the public at the present time I think is the Tariff question. In reviewing the Budget Speech of the Finance Minister, we find that the Liberal Conservatives were returned to power with a large majority in 1878, and the fiscal policy of the party was the cause of that change. This policy has been carried out since that time and has been endorsed by the electors in 1878, 1882, 1887 and 1891, and the policy in the future is to be that of the past—a reasonable protection of Canadian interests. The great aim of the Liberal Conservatives has been to encourage home industries, and we are all well aware that this could not be done without moderate protection, and on this partieuiar question the electors from the Atlantic to the Pacific will pronounce their verdict in June. We find that this is the great question that the Liberal party expect to centre their arguments on. The country is flooded with the literature of that party, which will deceive the unwary if possible, and make them believe that the Liberal Conservatives are the most corrupt government on the face of the earth. Since 1891 we find that the government has been gradually reducing the tariff upon all articles that are in general use by the working classes in the country. We see in the Finance Minister's Budget speech (Hon. Mr. Foster) that the articles such as tea, coffee and tin were entered free of duty, which means that the government were considering the interests of the masses, and we find right along, year by year, duties struck off articles which were a great burden to the people; and we are promised that the same policy will be continued until we have every article in general use reduced so that we will have just enough protection to keep our neighbors across the border, or any other country, from getting any undue advantage over us. We are all aware that the policy of the United States is a high protective one. They are not in favor of reciprocity, preferential trade they care nothing about, unless it is to their advantage. They will give no preference to us, and what are the Liberal party advocating—free trade, free trade, a tariff for revenue; in fact, when we find the Liberals at their best their policy is nothing more than what the Liberal Conservatives are carrying out at present. Hear what we have from one of our local Liberal papers:

"A tariff readjustment does not mean the wanton destruction of the industries for the mere sake of carrying out a revolutionary programme. The object is to help the industries of the country."

And yet on the other hand we hear them crying from one end of the country to the other, the policy of the Liberal Conservatives in protecting our natural industries is giving the manufacturers all the benefits—that they are the only ones reaping the rich harvest. It is impossible for any government to become perfect in a year, or even 20 years. They are finding out daily what is the best for the great mass of the people, and I am glad to see that there are such promising signs that they will be returned to power by an overwhelming majority. To those of us who have lived under the reign of the Liberal Conservative government, during the last 17 years, and who have felt the great benefits by the gradual reduction of the tariff, no argument to the contrary will convince us that free trade will be a change for the better. I say Canada for the Canadians first, last and all the time.

The Manitoba School Question is the subject that the Liberal party are expecting to ride into power by. On this question I desire to give my humble judgment, so that those who have given this undesirable question little consideration may see that British fair play will prevail at last. When Manitoba received her Constitution in 1870, the rights of Manitoba were protected by law. The minority at that time were the Protestants. After a number of years the separate schools did not give justice to all. They were found to be a great burden on the poor farmers and the taxation became heavier on one portion of the people than the other. The schools were not up to the standard of our public schools, the teachers were below the standard, a spirit of dissatisfaction reigned amongst the majority, who had by this time become Protestants, and the Manitoba Legislature passed the State Schools Act. In passing that act I consider that they did not give the minority that consideration that the Maritime and Eastern provinces had done. That was the right time the question should have been settled. After six years litigation we find that it has become a national question. Remedial legislation as brought in by the government has not been endorsed by the country. The Liberal party have been divided on the question as well as the Conservatives, and the conclusion that the wisest men in the country have come to is that the Manitoba Legislature will have to settle the matter in an honorable manner to all concerned. I could not suprort Remedial Legislation as brought in by the government, but would support any measure to give justice to all concerned, so long as the public school system is kept intact. Hon. Mr. Laurier, while in B.C., said on two occasions while here that we had the *best school system* in the country, and commended our province highly on its advanced school system. Having such testimony (and I believe he meant all he said) I have no hesitation in saying we have about as perfect a school system as there is in any country.

In coming to provincial matters I believe we are on the threshold of a prosperous future. Our mineral resources, from our borders to the Arctic Ocean, indicate that we have untold wealth within our reach. Being alive to those facts, it is our duty to advertise our resources; to encourage English capital to come and develop our mines of precious metals. The federal and provincial governments must do their parts also, and it will be the duty of the members elected to Ottawa to see that justice is done.

I am in favor of the subsidizing of the C.W.R. to a reasonable extent, and endorse the action of the B.C. government on this question.

The extension of the E. & N. R. should be carried out at once, and the necessary appropriation should have been granted at the last session of our Dominion Parliament.

The farmers of our district will require the earnest attention of the local member considering the scattered condition in which they are placed along our coast, and on this Island.

Markets require to be established in all our principal cities, facilities for getting to those markets, and reasonable rates by railway and steamers should be given. As the government have to assist in this line, it is only reasonable to expect that they will grant every facility in their power, and which I shall feel it my duty to urge, should I have the honor to be elected.

Our Postal system requires investigation. The growing needs of all parts of our district by railways and steamers are not what we require. The member for the district will be held responsible in future for attention to our various needs. Considering our geographical condition I consider that we will require best consideration the Dominion government can give, by making liberal appropriations for public buildings, and for improving our coasts and harbors.

Having been 17 years amongst you I consider I have a practical knowledge of the various wants of our district. If elected I will devote my whole time to working for the best interests of all; to unite and bind together all classes, and capital and labor in all its branches, and will not commit myself on any great measure brought before parliament, without consulting the electors of the district. In conclusion, I ask for the support of all who desire the prosperity of our country.

Yours respectfully,
JAMES HAGGART.
Wellington, B. C. May 4, 1896. my20-d-w

GEO. A. SARGISON,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Accountant and Agent

No 48 Langley Street

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Notice of Sale by Sheriff.

Pursuant to the "Execution Act."

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia

AGAINST
A. R. JOHNSTON & COMPANY, Plaintiffs,
AND
DENNIS JORDAN, Defendant.

In obedience to a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, Nanaimo Registry, and to me directed in the above named suit for the sum of $148 52 and $3.50, for costs of execution and also interest on $148.52 at 6 per centum per annum from the 13th day of February, 1896, besides Sheriff's poundage, officers' fees, and all other legal and incidental expenses, I have seized and will offer for sale by public auction, at the old Court house, adjoining the Provincial Government Offices, Front street, City of Nanaimo, on Tuesday, the 16th day of June, 1896, at the hour of twelve (12) o'clock noon, all the right, title and interest of Dennis Jordan, the defendant, in the lands and property described in this advertisement or sufficient thereof to satisfy the judgment debt and costs in this action.

District.	No. of Lots.	Concise Description of Property.	Estate or Interest.
1. Wellington & Nanoose	Portions of various lots described as follows:		Equitable interest—option of purchase.
2. Nanoose	Portion of lot 91, being a portion of the east 40 acres, commencing at the north-west corner post of Indian reserve, thence due south 15 chains along the said Indian reserve, thence due west 3 chains and 50 links, thence due north 13 chains and 60 links to sea beach, thence in an easterly direction along the said sea beach to point of commencement.	5 acres, more or less, with saw mills.	Equity of Redemption.
3. Mountain	Section 20, Range 2	An undivided half share in east 60 acres.	Equity of Redemption.
4. Mountain	Section 20, Range 3	An undivided half share in east 75 acres.	Equity of Redemption.

When to Be Sold.	Where to Be Sold.
Tuesday, the 16th day of June, 1896, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon.	At the Old Court House, adjoining the Provincial Government Offices, Front street, in the City of Nanaimo.

Commencing about 12.50 chains due east from post northwest of Section 20. Ranges 2 and 3, Mountain District, thence in a northerly direction 21.44 chains through Section 1, Range 3, Wellington District, belonging to the estate of James Harvey; thence in a northerly direction 51 19 chains through lot 22, Wellington District, belonging to George Vipond; thence in a northwesterly direction 22 67 chains through lot 16, Wellington District, belonging to Amos Godfrey; thence in a northwesterly direction 34 04 chains through lot 24, Wellington District, belonging to James Haggart; thence in a northwesterly direction 25 60 chains through Section 10, Wellington District, belonging to George Dunbar and Michael O'Day; thence in a northwesterly direction 26 77 chains through lot 34, Wellington District, belonging to Francis Dumont; thence in a northerly direction around Green Lake 37.50 chains through Section 8, Wellington District, belonging to John Discon; thence in a northwesterly direction 12 62 chains through lot 26, Wellington District, belonging to Roderick Dunlap; thence in a northwesterly direction 57.30 chains through Section 7, Wellington District, belonging to the Estate of Thomas Peck; thence in a northwesterly direction 51.35 chains through lot 44, Wellington and Nanoose Districts, belonging to John and Walter Auld; thence in a northwesterly direction 6.20 chains through west half of lot 54, Nanoose District, belonging to William Heriksman; thence in a westerly direction 20.67 chains through the east half of lot 66, Nanoose District, belonging to Joseph Claus; thence in a westerly direction 21.80 chains through the west half of lot 66. Nanoose District, belonging to Charles Thick; thence in a westerly direction 40 chains through lot 53, Nanoose District, belonging to George Bevilockway; thence in a westerly direction 71.30 chains through Indian Reserve to lot 91. Nanoose District, being right of way 20 feet wide.

The above judgment was registered at the Land Registry Office, Victoria, on the 14th day of February, 1896.

The following charges appear registered against the said defendant and his interest in said lands:

1. 6th January, 1896, judgment of E. H. Heaps against Dennis Jordan, for the sum of $1,543.95.
2. 14th February, 1896, judgment of A. R. Johnson & Company against Dennis Jordan, for the sum of $148.53.
3. 14th February, 1896, assignment for the benefit of creditors, Dennis Jordan to John A. Please, Edward Quennell, and G. F. Kane.

SAMUEL DRAKE,
Sheriff, County of Nanaimo.
Dated at Nanaimo, the 1st day June, 1896.

Dr. Ratcliffe.

He is acknowledged to be the most successful Specialist of the age in the treatment of all Nervous, Chronic and Private Diseases of both sexes. Lost Manhood, Vital Losses, Exhausting Drains, Impotency and all Sexual Disorders of YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN a life-long study and practice. Prompt and permanent cures guaranteed. Thousands of genuine testimonials on file. WRITE. All letters confidential. Address

E. MARTIN RATCLIFFE, M.D.,
UNION BLOCK,
No. 713 First Avenue, Seattle.
Office hours from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. mr7

MATERNITY HOME for married ladies, 199 Johnson street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay road, or Mrs. Flunerfelt, Pemberton road.

LIBERALS AND PATRONS

Correspondence in Reference to the Contemplated Alliance to Defeat the Government.

The "Globe" Required to Moderate Its Tone—More Interesting Confidences.

The London Free Press publishes the correspondence between Mr. L. A. Welch, Grand Secretary of the Patrons, and C. A. Mallory, Grand President of the same order, in reference to the alliance of the Patrons and the Liberals for the purpose of defeating the Conservative candidates. The correspondence opens with the following interesting communication:

Bro. C. A. Mallory, Grand President.

MY DEAR SIR,—Bro. Wrigley (editor Farmers' Sun) sent me a proof copy of the Patron campaign pamphlet, and asked me to send you my opinion in regard to it. To be brief, I must say it appears to have the garb of Grit querulousness and notions so closely wrapt about it that I fear many an honest Patron may find it difficult to distinguish them, and, perhaps, a burden upon his convictions to try to defend such virulent reprehensions, though I have no doubt it may suit some.

As to the printing, it was, as you are aware, the understanding at the Board that the manuscript, after being approved by yourself and Bro. Gifford, would be sent here for arrangement of printing and distribution of proofs to the other members for their consideration, as other matters are. This complete evasion of the Patron office and diversion to a Grit office in Toronto, and at an advanced rate, seems indeed a strange shuffle.

It has put us in rather an awkward position, especially as the Sun has announced that the pamphlet is to be had at the Grand office, and we are receiving inquiries, whereas we know nothing of its procedure.

Very truly yours,
L. A. WELCH.

November, 1895, is the date of this letter.

The next letter in the correspondence is as follows:

WARKWORTH, Ont., Jan. 1, 1896.

DEAR BRO. WELCH:—I have a letter from Bro. Wrigley, saying that Farrer would like his money at once. He says that $100 is less than he is usually paid for such work, but hopes that we will not think that amount too much. He does not want his name to appear in any bank, and therefore asks that you will send it to Wrigley, who will get his receipt and forward to you. I think that arrangement will be the best, as it is as well that the bank or others do not know that we have engaged him. As was spoken of at grand board you will therefore kindly forward the amount, $100, to Bro Wrigley by cheque or otherwise, as you think best.

There is another matter of which I wrote Bros. Currie, Wilson and Gifford the day before yesterday, and intended writing you and Bro. Kennedy, but was called away before I finished. It is this: Some days ago I received a letter from Farrer urging me to come to Toronto on December 24 on important business such as he could not write about, but of supreme importance to the order.

I accordingly went up and was met by him, and went with him to his house, when Smith came in as representing the Reform executive. He said he was commissioned by his executive to see if something could be done to prevent three-cornered contests in the various constituencies. I said that if I had known that I would not have gone up, as we were not in the habit of holding conferences with the representatives of other parties, but being there, I would be glad to hear his propositions. I told him that we could not acknowledge the right of either of the old parties to any constituency by reason of age, loud talk, or other circumstances, but assumed that we might contest any constituency when we thought we had a reasonable assurance of success.

I further stated that the Globe would have to moderate its tone towards us before Patrons could have much sympathy with it or its party. We talked over the constituencies, and I asked him, after consulting his executive, to send me a list of constituencies they were willing to leave to us. I also stated that in view of the notice given by Bro. Haycock to open more widely our doors, our people in some cases might be willing to have mass meetings called by our county presidents of all in accord with our principles and platform, and, perhaps, after discussing the situation, to submit either to their endorsing our candidates or taking such other action as they deemed wise, but in no case would we submit to dictation from Reform conventions. This concluded the interview.

On my return I wrote Bros. Gifford, Currie and Wilson, as stated before, also intending to write you and Kennedy, as stated, giving the above in substance, and asking their advice as to my writing in the Sun, calling on our county presidents to call mass meetings of our sympathizers to discuss the situation, and either endorse our candidates or take such other action as they thought wise.

Now follows a new chapter of events. On my return home from municipal nomination on Monday night, I found Farrer at my house, representing McCarthy (for whom he is working), as well as the Reform executive. He had with him the Reform and McCarthy proposals. McCarthy would like a general convention of all opposed to the government policy. I objected to this, saying, that while we opposed protection we could not oppose the government until they had an opportunity to accept or refuse our demands on the floor of the house. He said he had already raised this objection for me, and McCarthy saw its force. The next thing was to furnish me a list of constituencies that McCarthy wanted, Reformers wanted, and both were willing to leave to Patrons.

The list is too long to copy. McCarthy will do all in his power, quietly, to help us, and there will be no conflict between us. Patrons in Cardwell supported him, and after Bro. Hills' death in Muskoka, they wrote me, as I told you at Grand Board, for an outside candidate, and I wrote on your suggestion that they support Col. O'Brien, being an independent candidate. For this and other friendly acts, McCarthy is grateful, and will do all in his power to make things smooth.

The Grits will place no candidate in Stormont, Lennox, East and North Hastings, Frontenac, Prince Edward, North and South Lanark, East Northumberland, Glengarry, South Simcoe, Carleton, East Durham.

The following must be looked after:

East Grey—Bowis (Patron), no good.

South Grey—East Middlesex—Four men in the field. McCready, they say, strongest and best man; should be mass meeting.

West Durham—Three candidates; I told them Grit must leave the field. they will try to arrange.

Perth—Reformer holds the seat.

Haldimand—Brock (Patron); might be improved; will be no Grit.

South Leeds — Horton (Patron); no good; must be looked after.

North Essex — Clupp (Patron); no chance.

Bothwell — McCoy and Mills; both will be beaten if both run; they are very anxious that McCoy should be pulled off.

West Middlesex — Currie (Patron); better run in another Middlesex; chances not good; effort must be made to get Liberal out of the way unless he changes.

West Northumberland — To be run about by Liberal-Patrons; will carry alone.

North Norfolk—Good chance for active Tory-Patron. (Walker no good.)

East Simcoe — Anderson (Patron). North Ontario Liberals would support him as Patron in North Ontario.

Centre Wellington—Four candidates; should be mass meeting.

Bruce, North, West and East—To be run about by Patrons and Liberals. Potts will win, and Liberal candidate may divide Catholic vote and make him stronger.

East Elgin—Important that either Martyn or Wilson retire.

North Grey—Patron not much good. McCarthy would like to contest.

These are the Reform conclusions. They do not ask us to pull off opposition to Cartwright or Charlton, I suppose, thinking they will win. And it will stop Tory cry if we contest with them. This letter must be either destroyed or kept secret. Show Currie, and both write me. They have made all advances. McCarthy does not want any of our constituencies unless North Grey, and will not insist there. Farrer asked me to have his money sent to Wrigley. He does not like Laurier, but admires McCarthy. Send his money at once. I have not received Pamplets from Wrigley, has he sent them to you? I need them. Write me at once. I have told you all. Yours faithfully, C. A. MALLORY.

The next letter is as follows:

HOUSE OF COMMONS,
OTTAWA, Feb. 6, 1896.

L. A. Welch, Esq., Strathroy, Ont.:

DEAR SIR:—Enclosed herewith please find five dollars ($5) to pay for five copies of the Patron "Hand-Book."

Mr. Lockie Wilson was here yesterday and suggested that I should send to you for some, that I might have for distribution among our friends.

You can send them to me here, free of postage to "House of Commons," and put in parcels not exceeding five pounds in weight. Yours truly,
(Sgd.) JAS. SUTHERLAND.

SOME INTERESTING MEMORANDA.

Mr. Welch finds in the diary which he began to keep as the plot was maturing, the following memoranda:

"On the evening of the 8th of April, 1896, at Grand Union hotel, Mallory said Farrer, Sutherland and Smith, (Grit agent, Grit whip and Grit organizer for Ontario) met him at Wilson's (who supplied the oysters) and arranged matters of reconciliation between the Patrons and Grits, the outcome of which was the articles that appeared in the Globe, written by Farrer, saying that Patrons and Grits can conscientiously vote or support each other, and that Farrer prepared an article for the Patrons' Sun paper along this line, which he had revised at the instance of the board and sent to the Sun for publication, but it had not appeared, owing, Wrigley explained, to his desire to aid Currie and some others to gain the ascendancy which had soured the Grits; yes, says Wilson, showing our breach of faith. He said he wished to see Farrer, and asked Wrigley or Wilson to telephone him that he wished to see him to explain that the Patrons were anxious for the articles to appear, and if they did not it was not from any desire on their part, as they were sent for publication.

This was, of course, to reconcile the Grits again. Wilson said on the 8th of April that he "would vote them at Ottawa out first shot, for he had no use for them at all." Mallory explained that the Reform Association president in his riding said some Grits wanted a Reform convention called, but that the Grit leaders had instructed him not to call a convention.

Farrer says (1) Cartwright is going to advocate Canadian commercial independence, Canada to have the right to make trade arrangements for herself; (2) the Republican committee at Washington is going to offer reciprocity in various lines, but must include more than natural products between United States and Canada. Republicans expect to be in power in the autumn.

Note.—It was about this time that Mr. Farrer's communication to the committee on ways and means at Washington was made public.

MORE INTERESTING CONFIDENCES.

The diary continued—J. McMillan, M. P., wrote C. A. Mallory (letter read) hoping all Reformers in Northumberland would support him, and saying the Patrons and Reformers are doing right in working together and doing away with any friction in North Wellington.

Wilson says—"J. Brown is a curse to the world." "Yes," says Currie, "We have enough of such——."

Mallory wrote a letter to Farrer asking leading Liberals who are aiding us to get rid of friction, to go to districts to quell kickers.

Mallory said that he did not care to send too many letters, for if they were stolen, and it got found out what we were doing, it would curse us. Currie said it was very necessary that nothing be found out.

The Grand minutes not distributed in Glengarry.

Members of board found fault with minutes being distributed before election.

Mallory said evening of April 9 at Grand Union hotel, Toronto, that "Laurier expects to have a majority of ten." Gifford says: "Patrons, McCarthyites and all?" "Yes," said Mallory.

Wilson proposed that a copy of resolution re Chamberlain's speech be sent the Premier, but Mallory opposed it.

Next comes a letter from Mallory to Welch, as follows:

Warkworth, Ont., March 30, 1896.

Dear Bro. Welch,—Yours of the 21st came while I was from home. In reply, efforts, I believe, are being made to get Beith off in W. Durham, but so far unsuccessful. I think Thornton will run to a finish, and is gaining ground. I have heard nothing since from John Brown or Martyn. McCoy gave me to understand that he was there to stay. Have heard nothing of negotiations for Anderson to supplant Brandon, except that the Liberals would like it. They have promised to try and take Brandon's opponent off.

Yours fraternally,
C. A. MALLORY.

MALLORY BECOMING ANXIOUS.

The next letter in order is from Mallory to Welch, dated April 28, enclosing a brochure signed Alex. Smith, Secretary Ontario Liberal Association, and containing suggestions for organization and instructions to canvassers, scrutineers and agents, with a suggestion to issue the same on Patron behalf with Welch's name substituted for that of Smith." This letter goes on to say:

The Sun is now under my control in trust for a joint stock company until incorporation and other preliminaries are completed. . . . I am to have full control until the company is formed, the business being deeded to me in trust. . . . No names appear in application for incorporation except Haycock's, Wrigley, Mrs. Wrigley, and his son, with my own. And it is understood that Haycock and myself are to have full control. The furnishers of the money put it up without any security and without anything to show for it except our honor, and do not wish to be known. I wanted to call you together and have your names in connection with it, but they said it could not as well be kept quiet. Show this to Bro. Currie. There is no use writing him; he won't answer me. I wish he would write me sometimes. I fear the Reformers are not doing much in our interest. I am getting a little tired of their fooling, and will give them a blast before long if they are not careful. Yours fraternally,
C. A. MALLORY.

The last letter of the batch in Mr. Welch's possession is from Mallory to Welch, under date Warkworth, May 1, 1896. This letter, a long one, concludes as follows:

"My Elec. Acts came all right. I go to-day to Coldsprings by appointment to hold a conference with Thornton and Rosevear, re the situation in their constituencies, and will advise both to hold the fort.

"I have not met members of the P. P. A., there being none of them in the portion of the Riding where I am working. I have promises, however, of a strong Protestant con. support. A Conservacon. is to be held at Warkworth on the 7th. Montague is to be present, and a mass meeting is to be held in the evening. I am waiting until after that to see whether Cochrane or an anti-Remedialist is put in the field before I touch either Catholics or P. P. A.

Yours truly, C. A. MALLORY.

DOMINION GENERAL ELECTION

TUESDAY, JUNE 23RD, 1896.

LIBERAL CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATES:

Hon. E. G. Prior,
Controller of Inland Revenue.

Mr. Thomas Earle.

MARK YOUR BALLOT THUS:

EARLE, THOMAS, Merchant. X

MILNE, GEORGE LAWSON, Doctor of Medicine.

PRIOR, HON. EDWARD GAWLOR, Controller of Inland Revenue. X

TEMPLEMAN, WILLIAM, Publisher.

☞ EACH ELECTOR IS ENTITLED TO VOTE FOR TWO CANDIDATES.

A Guarantee.

HAVING ADDED TO OUR STAFF AN A1 LITHOGRAPHER, WE ARE NOW IN A BETTER POSITION THAN EVER TO GUARANTEE WORK EQUAL TO THE BEST KNOWN EASTERN OFFICES. TRY US . . . . . .

We Employ Men and Pay Men's Wages.

A FAIR PROFIT IS ALL WE ASK, AND WE DO NOTHING BUT FIRST-CLASS WORK. VISITING CARDS FROM COPPER PLATES OR STONE.

The Colonist,

..... VICTORIA, B. C.

Bright and Economical Women

Make Use of Diamond Dyes.

Bright and economical women find Diamond Dyes the greatest helps in housekeeping.

The thrifty housewife, with the aid of Diamond Dyes can re-color old and faded dresses, capes, jackets, pants, vests and coats, and make them look like new garments. In thousands of homes this work of renewing and recreating by the aid of Diamond Dyes, saves scores of dollars every year. The wonderful Diamond Dyes make such lovely and lasting colors that goods dyed with them cannot be told from new.

Success with Diamond Dyes is always certain and sure. The use of common adulterated dyes means destruction to your materials, and loss of temper and money.

Guard against substitutes; see that each package bears the name "Diamond."

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation, you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this

LOANS

Eight-year plan, *interest and principal payable monthly*, on improved city property. The Provincial Building and Loan Association are prepared to advance money through us on this plan. Loans on the ordinary plan effected. **SAVINGS**—60 cents and upwards can be invested to good advantage in the above Association. Full information given on application *SWINERTON & ODDY*, 110 Government St
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MAYNE ISLAND HOTEL,

Plumper Pass, B.C.

Tourists' Resort. Good Boating, Fishing and Hunting. Special inducements for Picnic. Tables supplied with all the delicacies of the season. Best Wines, Spirits and Cigars at the bar. Terms—$1 per day; $5 per week.

W. M. ROBSON, Proprietor. my2-1m

Point Comfort Hotel,

MAYNE ISLAND, B.C.

This Resort is now open to visitors and pleasure-seekers for the coming summer months. Good boating and fishing of all kinds. Special inducements for picnic parties. Fine sandy beach Lawn tennis and pleasure grounds. Tables supplied with fresh fruits in season. Choice wines, spirits and cigars at the bar. Steamer will land passengers at private wharf daily. Every accommodation. Terms $1.00 per day; $6.00 per week; special rates for families or longer periods. Apply
je10 THOS. BENNETT, Proprietor.

THE BANK EXCHANGE.

MERCHANTS' LUNCHEON 15c
From 11:30 to 2:30.

☞ Meals at all Hours. ☜

Private dining-rooms up-stairs. The coziest, cleanest and cheapest dining-room in the city

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Prize Medal, World's Fair, Chicago 1893.

THORPE & CO., LTD.

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WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER HAS THE LARGEST DEMAND IN CANADA

THE WAY TO A MAN'S HEART

Is through his stomach, so if you would have your husband cheerful, loving and kind, do your baking with

White Star Baking Powder

WHICH ALWAYS PRODUCES PALATE-PLEASING PASTRY.

NOTICE

MORTGAGEES' SALE.

Stock of Clothing and Gents' Furnishings.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in a chattel mortgage dated 8th December, 1893, made by Thomas L. Browne, in favor of Thomas B Pearson, and assigned to Thomas G Mason, the stock of clothing and gents furnishings, and trade fixtures in the premises known as 82 Douglas street, Victoria, has been taken possession of and will be sold en bloc by tender at so much on the dollar inventory cost price, amounting to $7808 Tenders will be received up to noon on Saturday, 20th June, 1896, the highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Inspection of stock and inventory can be had on application to Thomas G. Mason, 18 Broad street, or to

THORNTON FELL,
His Solicitor, 50 Langley street.
Dated this 9th June, 1896. je10-10t

UNDER and by virtue of the powers contained in certain indentures of mortgage, which will be produced by the undersigned, tenders will be received for the purchase of the following lands and hereditaments in British Columbia, namely:

1 Lots 5 and 10, of subdivision lot 1, block 1, Viewfield Farm, Esquimalt District, map 307

2 Lot 4 of Saanich Extension to the Work Estate (Burnside road), map 110, part of section IV Victoria District, containing one statute acre more or less.

3. S.E. ¼ of section 21; S.W ¼ of section 22 and N.W. ¼ of section 9 in Township 7; and lot 37, group 1, Osoyoos Division of Yale District.

4. Lots 27 and 28, in the city of Vancouver, block 53, subdivis on of lot 541, group one, New Westminster District map 210.

5. Lot 2 (saanich road), part of lot 6, of part of section 5, Victoria District, map 441.

6. Lot 113, containing 5 acres more or less, subdivision of Lake Hill estate in Victoria and Lake Districts, map 180.

7. Part of Victoria city lot 25, having a frontage on the north side of Yates street of 30 ft., and a depth of 120 ft.; also ⅔ part lot 24 adjoining lot 25, having a frontage on Yates street of 40 feet, and a depth of 120 feet, together with the buildings on said lands.

8. Lots 2 and 11, block 1, Christ Church Trust Estate, having a frontage on Rae street and on Churchway, in the city of Victoria, of 50 feet, and a depth of 221 feet, together with residence thereon.

Tenders will be received for the whole of the above lands or in parcels as numbered.

For further particulars, terms, and conditions of sale, apply to

ROBERT CASSIDY,
Solicitor for the Mortgagees,
11 Bastion St., Victoria, B.C.
May 6th, 1896. my8-

TAKE NOTICE—Re Giacomo Bossi Estate.—Mr. S. Perry Mills must be consulted by all persons having any dealings in connection with the property formerly belonging to the above estate, and no contract or liability made or incurred by the undersigned, or either of them, will be recognized or sanctioned unless approved and countersigned by Mr. Mills.

Dated 21st day of May, 1896.
EMMA C. WALD.
my22-1m ANGELICA P. BOSSI.

TENDERS.

Provincial Gaol at Victoria.

TENDERS, endorsed "Gaol Supplies," for the supply of Bread, Beef, Groceries, Clothing, and Coal, for the use of the said institution, from the 1st day of July next to the 30th day of June, 1897, will be received by the undersigned up to Thursday, the 25th June.

Samples of Groceries, Clothing, etc., can be seen at the Gaol, Topaz Avenue. Tenders to state price of coal per ton of 2,000 pounds. All supplies to be delivered at the Gaol without extra charge.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Oatmeal, Brooms, Brushes, and all articles required for use in this contract to be of Provincial manufacture as far as practicable.

F. S HUSSEY,
Supt Provincial Police,
and Warden of Gaols.
June 4th, 1896. je6-tf

ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE, NEW WESTMINSTER.

TENDERS, endorsed "Lunatic Asylum," for the supply of clothing, bread, meat, milk, vegetables, groceries, coals and wood, etc., for the use of the said institution from the 1st day of July next to the 30th day of June, 1897, will be received by the Honourable the Provincial Secretary until noon on Monday, the 15th proximo.

Lists of the articles required can be seen at this office and at the Asylum, at which latter place samples can also be inspected.

All supplies to be delivered at the Asylum without extra charge.

Security for the due performance of the contract will be required in each case.

A. CAMPBELL REDDIE,
Deputy Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Office,
27th May, 1896. my28

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
June 10th, 1896.

NOTICE.

DISPUTED LANDS IN RAILWAY BELT.

Kootenay District.

Lot 6, Group I., Townsite of Farwell—Original grantee, Arthur Stanhope Farwell.

Lot 7, Group I.—Original grantee, Gustavus Blin Wright.

Yale District (Kamloops Division)

Lot 513, Group I.—Original grantee, George Bohun Martin.

Lot 526, Group I.—Original grantee, Gustavus Blin Wright.

Lot 497, Group I.—Original grantee, Gustavus Blin Wright

Lot 529, Group I.—Original grantees, James McIntosh, William Bell Wilson.

Lot 452, Group I.—Original grantee, George Byrnes.

Lot 525, Group I.—Original grantee, Charles Edward Perry.

Lot 548, Group I.—Original grantee, William Arthur Beddoe.

Lot 456, Group I.—Original grantees, Simon John Tunstall, James K. Callbreath.

Arrangements having been made between the respective Governments of the Dominion of Canada and the Province of British Columbia whereby owners of lands in above named districts deriving their titles through original grantees from the Provincial Government may obtain confirmatory grants of said lands from the Dominion Government, notice is hereby given that all persons owning lands as aforesaid are requested to forward their applications for such grants forthwith to the undersigned, together with their title deeds or authenticated copies thereof, in order that the same may be examined, and releases and surrenders prepared for execution.

ARTHUR G. SMITH,
je12-1w&sw-2t Deputy Attorney-General.

Assize Court Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Sitting of the Court Assize for the Spring of 1896 is postponed until Tuesday, the 16th day of June next, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon. Grand and Petit Jurors will therefore not be required to-day at the Court House in response to summonses served.

By order.
J. E. McMILLAN,
Sheriff.
Victoria, May 28, 1896. my28

Victoria College

BEACON HILL PARK,

LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.

For Boarding or Day Prospectus apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
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Sequah's Remedies

Can be obtained from your Chemist.

Take No Substitute.

Don't forget these Remedies have been

PUBLICLY TESTED

and proved to be superior to any other.

Sold by all Chemists and Direct from Langley & Co.

Land Registry Act

Lot 305, Victoria City.

Notice is hereby given that a certificate of Indefeasible Title to lot 305, Victoria City, will be issued to Alexander Roland Milne on the 1st day of September, 1896, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest therein or in part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, B.C.
27th May, 1896. my28-3m

The Colonist.

TUESDAY, JUNE 16, 1896.

Published Every Day except Monday by

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. | A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per year, postage free to any part of Canada.....$10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per week, if delivered..... 20

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST.

Published Every Monday and Thursday

Per year, postage free to any part of the Dominion or the United States..... $1 50
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Liberal Conservative Candidates

—FOR—

VICTORIA, B.C.

HON. E. G. PRIOR,

Controller of Inland Revenue.

THOMAS EARLE.

N.B.—Each voter in this constituency is entitled to vote for two candidates.

Election Day---Tuesday, June 23rd, 1896

A MEAN BACKDOWN.

Every reader of the Times for the last four or five months knows that it has contended, in the face of the clearest possible evidence to the contrary, that Col. Prior is not a Cabinet Minister, and could not be a Cabinet Minister. Finding at last that its contention was making it ridiculous, it in yesterday evening's issse declares that "what it has contended all along" is that "Colonel Prior is Controller of Inland Revenue, and not the Head of the Department."

The back-down of the Times is as stupid as it is false. Every intelligent person who has paid the slightest attention to the subject knows that the Controller of Inland Revenue is necessarily not the Head of the Department of Inland Revenue. But the Times contention was that Col. Prior being Controller of Inland Revenue, and not the Head of the Department, could not be a Cabinet Minister. It kept harping on the subject until the public was heartily sick of it, and now it tries to crawl out of a position which it finds to be untenable by stating what every newspaper reader in the city knows to be untrue.

The phrase "full-fledged Cabinet Minister," which the Times invented or borrowed, is utter nonsense. There is, as we have said over and over again, no distinction in status between Cabinet Ministers. Its use of the phrase may have made its ignorance or dishonesty appear in the eyes of some people plausible, but it really was, when applied to the office of Cabinet Minister, perfectly meaningless.

BOSSISM.

It is now proved beyond a doubt that Liberals, McCarthyites and Patrons have formed a combination to defeat the Government. The principal agent in effecting the alliance was Mr. Edward Farrer, and everyone knows what Mr. Farrer is working for.

The bargain, as far as the Patrons and Grits were concerned, was made behind the backs of the electors. The subject was never discussed in the conventions of either party. The bosses took upon themselves to handle and dispose of the constituencies as if the electors were so many sheep. They put up a candidate in this constituency and withdrew a candidate from that without as much as saying "by your leave" to the men who are supposed to have the choosing of their representatives. It is the first time as far as we know that the boss system was put in practice in this Dominion, and the representatives of the people in Parliament made a matter of barter by men who constituted themselves the owners of the electors.

These bargains showed that the bosses care nothing about principles. The school question is to them a political lever to be used by them in arranging constituencies in the way that suits them best. The trade question they regard as only an electioneering tool which they can use as best serves their purpose. How do Canadian electors like to be handled like herds of cattle by a set of unprincipled schemers, whose main object is, without the shadow of a doubt, their own pecuniary gain and their own political aggrandisement. It is well known how the boss system works in the United States, and for whose benefit it has been established and is worked. It will, without doubt, be productive of the same effects in Canada as it has been in the United States. The electors will be demoralized and the welfare of the country will be sacrificed to the bosses and to the men and the corporations who buy the bosses. It is to be hoped that the Patrons, whom Boss Mallory, Boss Wrigley, Boss Currie, Boss Wilson and the other bosses have swapped and handled like dumb animals, will have the courage and the intelligence to resist being used as if they possessed neither wills of their own nor sense enough to choose who should represent them in the Dominion House of Commons. This Grit-Patron-McCarthyite combination is of importance to electors everywhere as an attempt to introduce the demoralising and in every sense mischievous boss system into Canadian politics.

WHY THEY TURNED.

As our readers know, several gentlemen who formerly belonged to the Liberal party, having become disgusted with the vacillation, the inconsistency and the evident insincerity of their leader on the trade and other questions, have left the Liberal party and joined the ranks of the Conservatives. Some of these gentlemen have given their reasons for changing sides. This is what Mr. F. H. Hale, formerly Liberal M. P. for Carleton, N. B., and now Conservative candidate for that constituency, said recently:

He was elected before by the Liberal party, but he had not been long at Ottawa before he was convinced that they were not the best party for the interests of the country.

Their greatest aim and object appeared to be to get themselves into office, regardless of what the consequence might be to the country.

And as he saw that he could not work conscientiously with that party he decided then to go out of politics.

At the dissolution of that Parliament he put his decision into effect, and it was only now at the earnest solicitation of numerous voters that he had again consented to enter the field.

This time he was working with a party with whose general trade policy he was in sympathy, as he believed it to be the best policy for the country.

Mr. A. F. McIntyre, Q.C., formerly a member of the Liberal Association of Ottawa, said about the stand he has taken:

I am not in accord with the Federal party on the issues on which the coming elections will be fought.

It would be nothing short of a calamity if the people should endorse Mr. Laurier's trade policy.

The mere suggestion of such a policy, in the event of a so-called Liberal success, is at the present time disturbing the trade of the country.

How much more will it disturb and unsettle trade if, upon a Liberal victory, it should be put into operation?

This is not a time, in my mind, for tariff experiments.

If our people should be so stupid as to support a policy at the coming elections as would be absolutely an experimental one, they will see such a further drop in values as the country has never experienced.

This, I feel confident, is the opinion of the leading bankers, merchants and professional men—in fact, of all who are conversant with economic questions.

Here is what the Hon. Daniel McNeill, formerly a member of the Liberal Government of Nova Scotia, who was once an ardent admirer of the Liberal leader, thinks of him:

I have given all the support I could to the party led by the Hon. Wilfrid Laurier. I entertained a very high opinion indeed of that hon. gentleman, but that opinion has entirely vanished, and for this reason: He seems to be seeking a cry upon which he can obtain votes, irrespective of the consequences to the country.

Mr. Henry Carscallen, Q.C., who was for some time president of the Reform Association of Hamilton, gave a few days ago his reasons for preferring the Conservative party and the Conservative policy to the Liberal party and the Liberal policy. This is part of what he said:

In coming over to the Conservative party it had taken all the courage he could command, but it was with him a question of principle, and he had to do it.

Those who knew him best knew he could not talk or advocate a thing unless he believed in it himself, unless, perhaps, it was a losing brief. (Laughter.)

He believed the Conservative party to be the party of progress and development in Canada—the Canadian party; the loyal party.

He had felt this for years, and had only remained in the Reform ranks because he had hoped to convert them to some settled and better principles.

The Reformers want us to fold our hands and let our land be flooded with foreign-made goods.

Our duty is to aid home industries.

It is now the duty of every citizen of Canada from Halifax to Vancouver to take off his coat and work for the National Policy. The greatest interests of the country are at stake, and we should work to protect them. (Cheers.)

HOW IT WORKS.

This is how the Montreal Gazette regards the new political combine:

The letters published by Mr. Welch, Grand Secretary of the Patron organization, do not leave any room for doubting his statement that there is an arrangement for combining the strength of the Liberals, McCarthyites and Patrons against the Government. There was, indeed, no reason for doubting it before, because Mr. Laurier's denials in a case of this kind do not count for anything. The facts were so plain that they left no room for doubt. Liberal nominees made way for McCarthyite candidates; Liberal leaders appear on McCarthyite platforms. McCarthyite orators proclaim that their object is a common one with the Liberals, to defeat the Government. Liberal candidates are also withdrawn to help Patron nominees, and as if to bear out Mr. Welch's assertion, the very day his proof was given to the public the Liberals of Glengarry, one of the counties enumerated in the Mallory letter, decided to give their support to Mr. Lockie Wilson, the Patron standard bearer. On the other hand, Patrons are supporting Liberal candidates, and the Toronto Globe publishes a list of electors in its city who, failing the nomination of a McCarthyite, will vote for the Laurierite. There is, in one sense, nothing wrong in this. It is perfectly legitimate for parties who think alike, as for men who think alike, to combine to secure a common object. The objection in this case is that the scheme was a secret one, the Patrons being practically sold out by their officials for the benefit of the Liberals. It also puts the Liberal leaders in this province in a position that can be described by no word short of indecent. They pretend to favor the restoration of separate schools in Manitoba, and are working in direct combination with the men who destroyed that Province's separate schools and who are doing all in their power to prevent their restoration. They are either the most foolish or the most knavish parties to the combination.

THE TROUBLE IN CRETE.

The disturbance in Crete has given some anxiety to Western Christians. They fear that the Christian inhabitants of that island will be treated in the same way as were the Armenians. But there does not seem much fear of the island of Crete being made the scene of such horrible atrocities as were committed in Armenia. Crete, in the first place, is easily accessible to the Western nations, who might find it necessary to take measures to prevent its inhabitants being made the victims of fiendish cruelty. The presence of British and other warships has already acted as a check on the Turks. In the next place, the Cretans are by no means disposed to allow the Turks to trample them under their feet. They possess a spirit of independence, and they can, if is necessary, fight for their rights. The Christians of Crete number 270,000, while the Mussulmans who live in the country are only 70,000. The whole population is of Greek extraction, consequently the Mahomedan natives are also Greeks. But the men of the two religions being of one race does not make it more pleasant and easy for them to live together. The Greek Mussulman hate the Greek Christians more fiercely and more bitterly, if possible, than the Turkish Mussulmans. There is, in fact, a bitter and never-ending feud between the Mahomedans and the Christians on the island of Crete, and it is not to be supposed, that the Christians, who outnumber the Mahomedans nearly four to one, are always on the defensive.

The Cretans had some time ago a kind of autonomy. They had an elective Assembly with a fixed proportion of Christian and Mahomedan members, they had manhood suffrage and vote by ballot. They had also one governor-general and four governors—two Christian and two Mahomedan. But the Cretans abused their privileges. "The people of Crete," the London Times says, "without distinction of creed, plunged into the wild delights of party politics in a way that showed they were all true Greeks. They used-up governors general with the most creditable promptitude. They either defeated them in the Assembly or intrigued against them in Constantinople. Indeed, they generally did both, and the double process was highly successful. When the so-called Conservative party found themselves defeated in the elections of 1888, they got up a resolution in order to compel the Sultan to send them a Governor of the old type. The result was the despatch of Shakir Pasha with 20,000 men, the proclamation of a state of siege and the withdrawal of most of the privileges conferred by the pact of Halepa."

The people of Crete were not pleased to be deprived of their most exciting amusement, and they have been discontented and troublesome ever since. The Sultan, if he attempts to crush them as he has crushed the Armenians, will find that he has undertaken a task of no ordinary difficulty, and as his Serene Highness is somewhat lazy, it is not likely that he will proceed to extremities with the Cretans. Besides, as anything done in Crete would be known all over the world the day after, it would be hardly safe for him to treat Crete as he has treated Armenia.

"A COERCIONIST."

Laurier's utterances on the school question in Ontario are like his utterances on the same question in Quebec—with the tails cut off. Here is the tail of one of his Quebec pronouncements on the school question exactly as he delivered it at St. Roch's:

"Et puis, enfin de compte, si je ne reussis point, j'aurai a exercer ce recours constitutionnel que fournit la loi, recours que j'exercerai complet, en entier."

Why does not the Liberal leader repeat this in English? Because it stamps him as the most unreasoning coercionist in Canadian politics.

Pure, rich blood is the true cure for nervousness, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is the One True Blood Purifier and nerve tonic.

Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs
Norway Pine Syrup cures bronchitis.
Norway Pine Syrup heals the lungs.

Table and pocket cutlery; razors and scissors at Fox's. x

PLINY E. DAVIS & CO.,

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants.

Office and Salesrooms, 37 and 39 Yates St.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Stocks of merchandise and furniture of dwellings bought for spot cash.

SUMMER STYLES JUST RECEIVED.

LARGEST STOCK AND BEST VALUE IN VICTORIA.

Straw and Felt Hats, Christy's Latest.

Newest Patterns Fancy Shirts and Neckwear,

Summer Trousers, Tennis & Boating.

CHEAP SUITS==MEN'S AND BOYS',

BUSINESS AND BICYCLE.

W. & J. WILSON,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE. my14

AUCTION SALES.

JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER.

FURNITURE

Under power contained in a certain indenture, I have been instructed to sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

—ON—

Wednesday, June 17th, at 2 p.m.

All the household furniture contained in the residence,

No. 117 Menzies Street.

PARLOR.

Black walnut rep parlor suite, marble top tables, easy chairs, easel, engravings, paintings, cabinet ornaments, vases, card receivers, carpets, rugs, curtains, etc.

HALL.

Lamp, stove, curtains, carpet, painting, chairs, flowers, flower stands and pots.

DINING-ROOM.

Leather-covered easy and dining chairs, walnut extension table, cane chairs, table, paintings, engravings, ornaments, lounge, walnut sideboard, lamps, pictures, glassware, China, crockery, platedware, carpet, rugs, curtains, blinds.

BEDROOMS.

Bedroom furniture, cane and easy chairs, carpets, rugs, curtains, lamps, pictures, crockery, linen, blankets, quilts.

KITCHEN.

Stove, utensils, tables, lamps, fruit jars, trays, linoleum.

OUTSIDE.

Flower pots, plants, wood, coal, stove, etc.

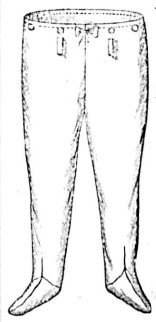
☞Terms cash.

je13 JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer

NOTICE.

Messrs. Langley, & Henderson Bros., having decided to withdraw from the retail business, have disposed of their prescription books to Mr. Chas. E. Jones, by whom their former customers may have their prescriptions refilled. The retail department will be closed on and after Saturday, June 13th.

je13-3t



Wading Trousers, Stockings, Brogues,

OF ALL KINDS AND SIZES.

CHARLES E. TISDALL

VANCOUVER, B.C. ap3-5m

Another large shipment of splendid

GRANITE and MARBLE MONUMENTS

—AT—

Bradbury's Monumental Works.

Note the address—Corner of Cormorant and Blanchard streets. je2

FRESH COWICHAN CREAMERY

From the Cowichan Creamery,

FOR SALE AT

FELL & CO.'S, FORT ST.

je12-tf

American Waterbury Nickel Alarm Clocks.....$1.00
Ansonia Alarm..... 90c.
(Guaranteed two years.)
German Alarm Clocks..... 70c.

S. A. STODDART,

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,

68½ YATES STREET.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years. ap4

JOHN BRYDEN, M.P.P., PRESIDENT. G. A. SARGISON, SEC.-TREAS.

Quadra Mining and Milling Company

LIMITED.

Head Office—Victoria, B.C. Mines—Mineral Hill, Alberni, B.C.

Capital, $500,000, in Shares of $1.00 Each.

DIRECTORS—Jno. Bryden, Esq., Geo. Alan Kirk, Esq., Thos. Shotbolt, Esq., J.P.
SECRETARY-TREASURER—Geo. A. Sargison, 48 Langley Street.

The above Company was formed for the purpose of purchasing and developing the Ophir and Last Chance mineral claims, which have been acquired, and the Quadra mineral claim has since been secured by the Company. These claims surround the southwestern end of the Consolidated Alberni group of claims, and comprise altogether about 130 acres of ground. An undertaking has been entered into with the E. & N. R. R. Co., for the purchase of this land. The Consolidated Alberni are now down fifty feet on their ledge, and the vein which was 18 inches on surface, has now widened to six feet of solid free gold quartz, which, in many recent assays has varied from $500 to $1,500 per ton in gold. There are several ledges on the Quadra Co.'s. locations, and on one of these a shaft is down twenty feet and shows up a quartz vein two feet in width, which has assayed from $8 to $24 per ton in gold. In appearance the quartz is exactly similar to that of the Alberni mine, and it is expected that further sinking and stripping will prove the existence of a large body of rich gold quartz. Work is now progressing on the property, and as soon as the road now being built up Mineral Creek by the government is completed—thus enabling the cheaper transportation of supplies—a larger staff of men will be placed at work.

The mines were purchased by the issuance of paid-up shares to the vendors, and 150,000 of these will be sold and the proceeds handed over to the company for the purpose of developing the mines. A block of 25,000 shares is now offered to the public at the rate of fifteen (15) cents per share, payable as follows:—5 cents on application, 5 cents in one month, and 5 cents in two months from date of application.

The management of the Company's affairs is in the hands of careful and responsible men, and investors can feel assured that their interests will be thoroughly protected.

Applications for shares may be made to the following brokers: Beaumont Boggs, Swinerton & Oddy, Lee & Fraser, Geo. Shedden or to the undersigned.

GEO. A. SARGISON, Sec.-Treas.,

48 Langley Street.

VICTORIA LUMBER YARD.

LUMBER.

The Victoria Lumber & Manufacturing Company, Ld.,

Have again opened their yard at Laurel Point, and are prepared to supply contractors and builders ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER in any quantity to suit the purchaser at an extremely low figure.

Call and *get prices* before buying elsewhere. We are selling for *cash only*, but you will find the price is sufficient inducement to buy from us.

Call at Our Yard, Laurel Point.

SUMMER PLEASURES.

THE "RAMBLER" IS THE CYCLISTS' FAVORITE.

Half the pleasure of Cycling is lost to those who limit their wheeling jaunts within the confines of the city, with its monotonous stretch of artificial beauty and unnaturalness.

The busy man of business and the tired woman will find that one day awheel with Nature in Nature's haunts is akin to a fortnight's rest of any other sort. It is only a question of "going to it."

Mounted on a trusty "Rambler," one enjoys thoroughly the consciousness of being *well mounted*, with every assurance of a safe home returning awheel.

WEILER BROS., AGENTS.

Seagram's Whiskey.

SOLE AGENTS:

R. P. RITHET & CO'Y

Je3

At Breakfast

What is more enjoyable than a first-class cup of Coffee? Our JAVA and MOCHA fills the bill exactly. It is a choice aromatic drink . . . . . .

Erskine, Wall & Co., Grocers,

CORNER OF GOVERNMENT AND FORT STREETS.

STYLISH

Fedora and Stiff . . . HATS 10 Cases Just Opened

STRAWS 50c. EACH. SEE THEM.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson Street.

There's a Well Beaten Path

It leads directly to our door. Throngs of buyers traverse it day by day. Shows that we are strengthening the friendly business relations between the store and public, without which there can be no success. Want you to keep coming; want you to tell your friends and neighbors about the store. We want to serve them as well as we have served you. Confidence once established, the rest is easy.

HANDKERCHIEF RECEPTION.

Received this day (13th June) direct from Linen-hall street, Belfast, one case Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fine H.S. Handkerchiefs, at prices ranging from $1 to $1 per dozen.

DUCK SUITING DEMONSTRATION.

We've an equipment here that would grace any store in the city. Styles and prices are correct.

LAUNDRIED WAISTS.

Busiest stock in the store most of the time; we're making a record as Shirt Waist sellers that it will be hard to beat.
Veiling, 28 in. wide, just received by express from London. Chenille—Spotted at 25c. per yard. Cream, White, Black, Brown, Magpie, etc.

JAPANESE SILKS,

At 15c. The Jap on his "native heath" must work very cheaply.

DRESS STEELS,

Rubber Tipped, Stitched Aluminum, plated, 2 dozen for 25c.

MOSQUITO NETTING,

12 yards for 75c., or double width at 10c. per yard.

The Westside. J. HUTCHESON & CO.

AUCTION SALES.

June 16—Furniture, etc. W. T. Hardaker.
June 17—Furniture. Joshua Davies.

TRY IT.

Our Delicious Ice Cream Soda, 10c.

Hall & Co., Dispensing Chemists, Clarence Block, corner Yates and Douglas Streets

2 Cases of English Goods To-day at Spencer's

Side Combs, fancy Hair Pins, Ladies, Lady Hose Drop Stitch, Bead and other dress trimmings and ornaments.

THE CITY.

A JUVENILE entertainment by the pupils of St. Anne's kindergarten will take place at Institute hall, View street, on Saturday next.

MRS. WILLIAMS, the occupant of the house No. 137 Blanchard street, states that she was not absent from home at the time of the fire Saturday night, but was aroused by the firemen.

THE deputy returning officers and poll clerks for the approaching Dominion election will meet the returning officer for instructions to-morrow at 2 o'clock, in the police magistrate's court room, law courts building.

DR. JOHN LANG, who was among those injured in the recent Point Ellice Bridge disaster, is in a very critical condition, not having rallied from the time he met with the accident. His professional practice will be attended to in the interval by Dr. Ernest Hall.

DIFFERENCE of opinion. Guesses all the way from 200 to 2,000 have been made at the block of soap at S. Reid's. What is your estimate? One guess for every cash purchase of one dollar for the high grade Swell Special bicycle; lady's, gentleman's, boy's or girl's. x

THE spring assizes for the city of Victoria open this morning at 10 o'clock, when Mr. Justice Drake will preside and Mr. A. G. Smith, deputy attorney-general, will represent the Crown. The list of cases to be presented to the grand jury is the same as already published, and it is expected that the docket will be disposed of by Saturday.

MR. ARCHER MARTIN sent a letter to this office yesterday, alleging that his offer to Col. Prior at Metchosin was misreported in the COLONIST of Saturday, and calling upon us to "produce the document and let it speak for itself." The "document" can be seen at this office by anyone interested, and reads precisely as reported in the COLONIST.

THE prize offered in competition among the girls of the Victoria Collegiate Institute by the proprietors of the Westside, for finding the greatest number of errors in spelling and grammatical mistakes contained in their special advertisements in the daily and weekly papers during the past week, has been awarded to Miss Martha E. Redfern, St. John street, James Bay. This young lady discovered no fewer than 148 mistakes, and is well entitled to the check which was forwarded to her yesterday.

REV. MR. VULLINGS desires to state in connection with the finding of the dead body of an Indian at South Saanich on Sunday week, that he and a number of the tribe who had been celebrating the Fete Dieu at Cowichan, on their return on Sunday night, found the body at Hagen's beach, not on the reserve. The greater number of the Indians on the reserve had gone to take part in the religious procession referred to, at which the unfortunate deceased had declined to be present. He emphatically states that no Indians were on the spree, the deceased alone in the absence of his fellow-tribesmen having obtained and drunk too much whiskey.

REV. W. D. BARBER, officiated yesterday both at the Church of the Holy Saviour and at the graveside, Ross Bay, in connection with the interment of the mortal remains of Edmond F. Harper, who lost his life by an accident at Shawnigan lake, on Friday evening last. The Foresters of Victoria attended the funeral in a body, P.C.R. Bro. J. Speed conducting the services of the order, and the pallbearers were also drawn from the society, of which the deceased had been a prominent and popular member. They were Messrs. P. J. Davies, C.R.; H. Maynard, P.C.R.; S. Wilson, S.; F. Nelson, S.W.; P. R. Smith, J.W.; and F. Casellton, S.B.

At The White House.

Royal Scotch plaids—"doublefold," serge weave and brightly colored. The best quality we have ever offered for the money. Paisley pattern silks in all the newest and most taking colorings. Ladies blouses with detachable laundered collars and cuffs; a new lot in to-day and prices right.

DOMINION

General Elections.

The Headquarter Committee Rooms for supporters of Hon. E. G. Prior and Mr. Thomas Earle are at The Conservative Club, corner of Broad and Fort Streets (entrance on Broad street). The Club premises are centrally located and comfortably fitted up, and are supplied with all leading daily and weekly newspapers, magazines, etc. The Club is open from 8 a.m. to 11 p.m., and during the election campaign all supporters of the Liberal Conservative party are invited to avail themselves of its privileges. my20

LOST AT SEA.

The Well Known Sealer "Katherine," Formerly the "Black Diamond," Wrecked—Seized by the U. S.

A cablegram to R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd., from Hakodate, brought the startling news yesterday morning that the Victoria sealing schooner Katherine—or Black Diamond as she was known in earlier days—had foundered at sea. Her crew, the message further stated, landed safely at Hakodate on the 13th inst. No other particulars were given and details of the casualty can only be surmised. The Katherine was owned by Captain Fulton, who only last week started on another sealing venture in command of the schooner Osprey, and it is in charge of his son, J. E. Fulton, that the ill-starred schooner left here in December last on her expedition to Japan. When last reported she had 160 skins, and consequently the news of her loss is a great surprise.

The schooner is insured with R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd., and her loss together with that of her equipment means several thousand dollars. In the days of pioneer sealing the Katherine figured prominently, and a good story is told of her at that time in the "Marine History of the Pacific Northwest." After referring to many sealing events that work says: "The United States government continued to protect the seals in 1889, and early in the season was made the laughing stock of the world by the action of a few plucky Canadian captains who refused to be seized. The schooner Black Diamond, Capt. Owen Thomas, went into Behring sea on July 3, but owing to bad weather did but little sealing until the 11th. On the afternoon of that day the Richard Rush was sighted bearing down upon her. Capt. Thomas at once got under way, but as the wind was very light, was overhauled an hour later and ordered to heave to. She was then boarded by Lieut. Tuttle, three officers and ten men. Tuttle remarking as he came over the side, 'Well Captain, we have caught you in the act.' Thomas refused to give up the ship's papers and they were taken by force. The men of the Rush then took the 76 skins secured by the schooner and placed John Hawkins, a seaman, on board with instructions to take the schooner to Sitka, and deliver her to the collector of customs, releasing the Indians and crew, but detaining the captain and mate. Capt. Thomas informed Lieut. Tuttle that he would not take the schooner to Sitka, receiving no reply, and the cutter steamed away. Thomas then headed for Ounalaska, hoping to meet some British war vessel there, which he intended to ask for protection. Not finding them he left the sea, cruised for four days looking for sea otter, and then headed for Victoria. Hawkins offered no resistance, as some of the crew had informed him that the Indians would kill him if they saw that he was taking the vessel to Sitka. The affair created intense excitement in the United States, but nothing serious came of it." The schooner retained her old name until 1890, when it was changed to Katherine. The above quoted experience of the schooner is but one of many that could be related by residents of her exciting career as a sealer, now brought to a conclusion. She was a vessel of 81 tons register and a strongly made craft.

Mason's celebrated fruit jars in different sizes, the most reliable jar in the market; always gives satisfaction; this is the jar you should buy. Weiler Bros.

THE OPPOSITION WOES

Candidates Taken to Task for Continuously Decrying the Land They Live In.

Would Dr. Milne Sacrifice the Doctors?—Extra Pay for Overtime an Offence.

The candidates for Victoria in the interest of the opposition party had a public meeting at the Burnside hotel, Burnside road, last evening, presided over by Mr. Samuel Sea. Mr. Templeman told the same sad story as at other places, about the condition of the country and the "unfairness" of his opponents, and he made a special grievance of the proposed subsidy to the British Pacific. Passing to prophecy, he told how Mr. Laurier is to be "the next Premier" and how unfortunate it would be for Victoria to elect two members who would not be on Mr. Laurier's side. The audience showed no sign of uneasiness at the prospect held up to them; because Sir Charles Tupper gives no indication of making way for some time for any "next" Premier, and while he is at the head of affairs Victorians would not wish to be in opposition.

Dr. Milne commenced on the British Pacific, declaring himself its "steady company," so to speak, and manifesting pronounced jealousy of the attentions of Messrs. Prior and Earle; in fact he accused them of being "in league" with Premier Turner, who the Doctor alleged had betrayed the B. P. On the trade question, he said, "They are stating that we are for free trade as against protection. We are nothing of the kind"; and later, "We wish to wipe out all the protective principle in connection with the tariff." He again condemned the Australian steamship subsidies as a form of protection. Passing on to "boodle"—not the disgraceful affair for which his fellow Liberal candidates, McShane and Langelier, were summarily dismissed from the ministry in Quebec—he dealt particularly with the Curran bridge matter, and sneeringly referred to the extra prices paid for overtime and Sunday work.

An elector, Mr. James Owens, thereupon asked permission to inform the Doctor that in all trades it is the custom to charge extra for overtime and Sunday work. The same elector subsequently asked the Doctor if he and his party intend to do anything for the artisan, or if their sympathies are to be exhausted upon the farmer; and also if when he sets about "wiping out the protective principle" he will make any discrimination in favor of the doctors. This did not phase the candidate; he had always, he said, advocated reciprocity in the medical profession, and he would like to allow all doctors from the Eastern provinces of Canada to practise here without examination if those provinces would give British Columbians the same privilege. He would help the artisan by taking off the duty on his tools, or else by reducing it to say 25 per cent.! (The artisan might do without tools altogether when a "tariff for revenue only" closes the factories and workshops.)

The Doctor's reply seemed to take Mr. Owens' breath away, but he managed to gasp, "Perhaps Archer Martin will take the protection off the lawyers, too."

Mr. J. W. Carey was persistently called for by the audience after the candidates had spoken, and when he rose in response he was received with applause that was no mean tribute to his popularity. The nature of the candidates' addresses can very well be judged from his opening remark, that having known those two gentlemen for many years, and having nothing to say against them personally, he must express his disappointment that they "are always running down this country of ours and proclaiming that its people are leaving for the United States." In contrast, he then eloquently pictured the development of the Dominion, especially the Western portion of it; and as to the exodus, he pointed out that those who leave this country mainly go to get employment in the larger manufacturing concerns of the United States, built up and protected by a tariff ranging he thought as high as 45 per cent. How then, he asked, can it be said that the National Policy is driving them out? And he pointed out that while it is held up as a grievance to the farmer that protection increases the price of his farming machinery and his clothing, the prices of these articles are actually much lower now than before the National Policy was introduced. He held that no country in the world has made greater relative progress than Canada has during the past twenty years, and to introduce a free trade tariff now would he felt sure bring widespread ruin upon the country. Taking up the matter of the British Pacific, Mr. Carey showed the folly of speaking slightingly of the subsidy to the Island portion of it simply because that may be called part of the E. & N. railway, for he pointed out that the E. & N. is just as much a part of the British Pacific—if that road is to end at Victoria—as any other portion of the line.

"Can you tell me that the two companies have consolidated their interests?" Mr. Templeman demanded.

Mr. Carey pointed out to him that the matter of importance to Victoria is that the subsidy shall be granted and the road built, not who gets the subsidy. Mr. Carey was proceeding with his address when in addition to others in the hall who were seemingly beyond the control of the chair, the chairman himself began "arguing the point" with him. "It is not usual for the chairman to interrupt the speakers," Mr. Carey at length remarked, and resenting this unfair procedure he was leaving the room, when Mr. Hall requested him to remain to answer a question. Then Mr. Templeman took another turn, expressing a very unflattering opinion about Mr. Carey, alleging inconsistencies in that gentleman's course. Mr. Carey in reply respectfully reminded Mr. Templeman of his own devious course in advocating unrestricted reciprocity when a candidate five years ago, and appearing on quite another tack now. This kept the candidate explaining until shortly after eleven o'clock when the meeting came to a close.

During the evening Mr Chandler announced a meeting to be held at Colquitz on Thursday evening, when Messrs. Templeman and Milne, A. H. Scaife and Archer Mertin would be the speakers.

Blind

Sometimes persons become blind from impure blood, which develops scrofulous ulcers on the eyeballs, iritis, granulated eyelids, etc. In such cases Hood's Sarsaparilla has been marvelously successful in restoring sight. It shows its powers as a blood purifier and radical cure for scrofula, by removing the cause, thus curing the

Sore

eyes and restoring all the affected parts to healthy condition. Read this:

"As an act of justice and for the benefit of other mothers who may have afflicted children, I write this. About the first of February, 1892, my daughter Zola, then three years old, contracted sore eyes of the worst form and in a few weeks was entirely blind, being unable to tolerate light of any kind. She suffered and cried until I was almost heartbroken. The best eye specialist in the county treated her for months, but the

Eyes

became worse. Then I took her to a specialist in Indianapolis, who said he could do nothing. I came away with a heavy heart. I met my father's physician, Dr. Berryman, who examined Zola's eyes, and told me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I began to give it as directed and wash her eyes with warm water. Soon I began to notice improvement, and now, having given the child over a half dozen bottles, her eyes are greatly improved and she can see as well as any one. She is five years of age, and goes to school. When she began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, she had to eat her meals in a darkened room, but now

Cured

she is able to sit at the table with the rest of the family." MRS. OLLIE BUSER, Colfax, Indiana.

Leading Citizens

Of Colfax, including John D. Blacker, Township Trustee, W. H. Coon, Druggist, and Dr. J. A. Berryman, cordially endorse this statement.

This and many other similar cures prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

VICTORIA

Roller Flour Mill

VICTORIA, B.C.

BEST FAMILY FLOUR, XXX Brand.
SUPERFINE FLOUR,
WHOLE WHEAT MEAL, Recommended by the Medical Profession.
GRAHAM FLOUR,
SELF-RAISING FLOUR, Prepared on Scientific Chemical Principles, and no deleterious substances used in its manufacture. No Baking Powder, Yeast or Salt required.
GROUND FEED,
BRAN, SHORTS, ETC.
RICE MEAL AND
CHIT RICE.

If your Grocer does not keep these in stock, write direct to the Mill.

125-d&sw

The Sterling Dry Goods House,

88 YATES STREET.

JUST RECEIVED—A FINE LINE OF

LADIES' BLOUSES, SUNSHADES, PRINTS, LACE CURTAINS AND TOWELS.

Best value for your money in the city. Call and see for yourseves.

J. H. WARK, - - - - - MANAGER.

ap14

Pianos

The foremost Pianos manufactured in Canada are

The Heintzman & Co AND The Nordheimer.

The names they bear are synonymous with everything that goes to make a truly high class Piano.

M. W. Waitt & Co.

64 Government Street, Sole Agents.

Also the famous ESTEY American Organs.

Patronize Home Industry.

BUY BRITISH COLUMBIA CREAMERY BUTTER.

The finest in the market. Try it and be convinced. Each block marked M. & E. A full stock always on hand at

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At the repeated request of many customers we have placed in stock a full line of Cocoas, which include, among others, the following well known brands:

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Van Houten's,
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Baker's,
Fry's and Epps'.

Also a line of Bulk Cocoa at 30c., 40c. and 50c. per pound.

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No. 79 Government Street, Corner of Trounce Avenue.

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B. C. POTTERY CO., Ld.

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FLOWER POTS

At manufacturer's prices. Fire Brick, Fire Clay Flue Linings, Brick Paving for sidewalks. All kinds of Sanitary Salt-Glazed Sewer Pipe and Fittings, Agricultural Drain Tile, etc. my10-1m

...DOMINION...

General Election,

...1896...

HON. E. G. PRIOR,

Controller of Inland Revenue, and

MR. THOS. EARLE,

The Liberal-Conservative Candidates for Victoria, B.C., will address a

Public Meeting

Of the Electors at the

Oddfellows' Hall, Spriog Ridge,

On Tuesday Evening, June 16, 1896,

Chair taken at 8 o'clock.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

ENTERTAINMENT

Under the auspices of the Scottish Societies of Victoria,

MR. NEIL BURTON

Character Impersonator, Ventriloquist and Humorist,

Wednesday Eve'g, 17th Inst.

—IN THE—

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH HALL

Blanchard Street, at 8 o'clock

Admission 25c. je14-td

ALMOST EVERY WOMAN IN VICTORIA . . . .

Knows that she can be stylishly and comfortably shod for moderate money at this store; but we simply want to mention the fact that we have just opened several cases of high class American Footwear for Ladies. It includes fine Buttoned Boots and Handsome Oxford Shoes in Black and Tan. . . . . .

A. B. Erskine,

CORNER GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STREETS.

DELICIOUS AND PURE. **OKELL & MORRIS' SEVILLE ORANGE MARMALADE**

Manufactured from this season's oranges. It is the best offered in British Columbia. *EVERY GROCER KEEPS IT.*

ASK FOR OKELL & MORRIS.' IT IS THE PUREST AND BEST.

LATEST FROM LONDON.

United Empire Trade League—Dr. Jameson and His Raiders Committed for Trial.

Irish Land Bill to Be Expedited—American Parties on Money Questions.

LONDON, June 15.—The conference of the United Empire Trade League opened this afternoon with Rt. Hon. James Lowther, formerly under secretary for the colonies, the chief secretary for Ireland, in the chair. The meeting was called to discuss means to consummate the commercial confederation of the empire.

Sir Donald Smith says that a zollerverein is at present impossible, and suggested that the duties imposed upon tea, coffee and cocoa from the colonies be reduced one-half, and he moved that the government abrogate as speedily as possible article 15 of the treaty of 1862 with Belgium, and article 7 of the treaty of 1865 with the German zollverein, which, while in force would prevent the colonies from preferring British over foreign goods. Sir Donald Smith's motion, coupled with another calling for the early summoning of an imperial commercial conference was adopted.

At Bow street police court this morning Dr. J. S. Jameson, Major Sir John Willoughby, Colonel R. Gray, Major H. White, Colonel H. F. White and Hon. F. Coventry, the prime movers in the Transvaal raid, were brought up. Sir Richard Webster, attorney general, asked that the prisoners be committed for trial and withdrew the charges against the other nine. Sir Edward Clarke, for the defence, said Dr. Jameson desired to take the whole responsibility, holding that his companions acted under his orders. The men committed were released on £2,000 personal bail, and in addition were all required to furnish one surety in £1,000.

A meeting of Conservative leaders, called by Mr. A. J. Balfour, first lord of the treasury, to consider means of expediting the Irish land bill, took place at the foreign office to-day. The meeting was private, only members of parliament being present. Mr. Balfour presided, and when the meeting adjourned he stated that the Conservative leaders had recommended the withdrawal or curtailment of the foremost measures, but advised the supporters of the government to surrender their personal feelings regarding details in order to advance the government's programme, as the ministry is anxious to end the session by August 14, and resume business in the middle of January.

The secretary for foreign affairs, Mr. Geo. N. Curzon, replying in the commons to-day to Sir Charles Dilke, relative to the views entertained by the governments of Great Britain and the United States concerning the annexation of Madagascar to France, said the question was still under consideration, adding that it was one of the greatest importance and could not be hurriedly decided.

In the Queen's bench of the high court of justice, before Baron Pollock, to-day, the hearing of the libel action brought by H. A. Roberts, master of the Bath College, against Countess Russell, £300 damages being claimed, came up for hearing. The suit is the outgrowth of charges of immorality made by the Countess during her suit against Earl Russell, her husband, for judicial separation. The defence was that the statement was made in good faith and without malice. Judgment was rendered in favor of the plaintiff with costs. Countess Russell, it was stated in court, had made a written withdrawal of the charges and had at the same time rendered an apology.

Chief Simonds, of the London fire brigade, president of the Firemen's Tournament International Association, will be asked to resign his office as chief, a meeting of the city council last week having alleged boodling in connection with sale of fire apparatus to the department. Though the greatest secrecy has been maintained the case against him is reported to be a strong one.

Smalley's despatches to the London Times averring the unsoundness of the monetary views on the part of both American parties, and the prospect of a third party being formed with Mr. Cleveland at the head, created a startling effect here, and financial circles helped to give rise to the ridiculous statements lately made of an immense civil war being probable. The news from St. Louis of the last few days has done much to dissipate the scare. The course of events in St. Louis is followed here with much interest, more than is generally given to the American political situation. The widespread feeling of relief at seeing a probability of the adoption of a platform adverse to free silver is voiced by most of this morning's papers. Already there is an upward movement of American securities on the stock exchange. One of the governors of the Bank of England said last night: "If the Republican platform declares for gold, I look to see a rush of British investors to America, and a consequent decline in the value of gilt-edge home securities which are absurdly high."

A SENTENCE of one month's imprisonment at hard labor was yesterday imposed upon the young bootblack Haggerty for petty theft. The medical men, after examination, decided that he was responsible for his actions.

GEO. HARRISON, a teamster who drives one of Morley's soda water wagons, was yesterday driving on the Gorge road, but when nearly opposite the residence of the Hon. D. M. Eberts the axle of his wagon broke and precipitated him to the road. The horse made a run and Harrison was dragged for a considerable distance by the reins, the wheels finally passing over him, but luckily doing no very serious damage.

BY the breaking of the front forks of his wheel, while he was enjoying a Sunday ride in the vicinity of Cadboro Bay, Mr. R. H. Taylor, an employe of the Consolidated Electric Railway Co., received such severe injuries that he was obliged to seek hospital treatment. A bad cut on the temple is the most serious of his wounds.

POINT ELLICE BRIDGE.

Verdict of the First Jury Sworn In to Identify the Dead.

The first jury empanelled by Coroner Crompton immediately after the Point Ellice bridge disaster, for the purpose mainly of indentifying the dead, and who after taking evidence adjourned to await the result of the second jury's inquiry, met yesterday and rendered their verdict, as follows:

"We, the undersigned members of the coroner's jury empanelled to identify the bodies of E. B. Carmichael, J. B. Gordon and 43 others, being duly sworn in accordance with the oath administered, find, in accordance with the evidence produced before us, that the said E. B. Carmichael, J. B. Gordon and 43 others came to their death by drowning, as the result of the collapse of a portion of Point Ellice bridge, caused by the overloading of the tram cars on the 26th day of May, 1896, at or about 2 p.m.

(Sd.) "R. ROBERTS, foreman.
"JOHN H. MELDRAM.
"JOHN KINSMAN.
"ALEX. C. HOWE.
"A. THOMAS.
"T. ELLIOTT.
"W. J. JEFFREE."

SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

Arrival of the Latest Addition to the Northern Pacific Oriental Line.

C.P.R. Officials Surveying the Outer Wharf—Passengers by the "Danube."

The Olympia, one of the ships recently refitted in the old country for service in the Northern Pacific Company's Oriental trade, arrived here at 5 o'clock yesterday morning and remained in port until 2 in the afternoon. She is an old Castle liner, having been employed from the time of her construction, twelve years ago, until her purchase by the Northern Pacific, between London and the Cape. Since the change of ownership she has been re-christened the Olympia, in honor of the American State she trades with, and has been otherwise and in all respects made more suitable for her present employment. These changes give her accommodation for 500 steerage and 18 saloon passengers. In the matter of cargo space the vessel is well provided, her capacity being the same as when she was known as the Dunbar Castle, viz: 3,900 tons. Although smaller in bulk than any of the Northern Pacific steamers she can carry more cargo than the Tacoma, owing to her being flat bottomed. The Olympia is throughout furnished with electric lights; is brigantine rigged, well decked fore and aft, with a bridge deck amidships, and has a saloon deck house at the extreme stern. She steams twelve and a half knots when at full speed on a small consumption of coal. Her engines are compound of 470 horse power, and bear the name of Barclay, Carle & Co., Glasgow. The vessel's registered tonnage is given at 1,691; her length is 335 feet; her beam 40 feet, and her depth of hold 28 feet. Manning the ship are many of the old hands in the employ of the Northern Pacific. Purser Galt, who has been taking a year's leave in the Old Country, is on board the steamer, this being his first trip since resuming duty. Capt. Truebridge is in command, his immediate assistants at the wheel being First Officer Dobson, Second Officer Dickson and Third Officer Greenham; Dr. Swan is surgeon and Mr. Hill, chief engineer. The steamer had an average voyage across, sailing from Hong Kong on the 16th May, and consuming 15½ days in the passage from Yokohama here. Among those who made the initial voyage under the new flag were a family of missionaries who have labored in Chefoo and who are now returning to their home in the Eastern states. The full saloon passenger list is as follows: Rev. and Mrs. Hunter Corbett and children, Miss May Corbett, Miss Grace Corbett, Miss Jennie Corbett, Master Chas. Corbett, Rev. D. W. Lelacheur, Mrs. P. G. Hill, Capt. Squires and Capt. F. J. Brown. For Victoria the steamer brought 120 Japs and 20 Chinamen, there being besides 14 of the former and 9 of the latter for the American side. As freight she had 200 tons of general merchandise for Victoria, and she also carries one of the first shipments of this season's tea crop to reach the American coast.

MARINE NOTES.

The steamship City of Topeka called at the outer wharf on her way south from Alaska yesterday morning, making a very short stay in port. She had a small list of passengers, several of them having made the round trip on her. The Queen is due to arrive from Alaska to-day.

Mr. J. A. Fullerton, of the C.P.R., Vancouver, and Captain Lee, of the R. M.S. Empress of Japan, were engaged yesterday making a survey of the approach to the outer wharf. They will be engaged again to-day at the work, but so far they report everything to be satisfactory.

The C.P.N. steamship Danube, Capt. Meyers, sailed for Northern British Columbia ports last evening, carrying the following saloon passengers: Rev. Thomas and Miss Crosby, Rev. S. S. Osterhaut, Rev. R. C. Beavis, W. B. Steasy, L. Lema, Rev. Mr. Neville and wife, Miss Johnson, Mrs. Thos. Forster and Dr. Bell-Irving.

ENTERED.

Str Charmer	from	Vancouver.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" Rosalie	"	" "
" R. P. Rithet	"	N. Westminster.
" Evangel	"	Port Angeles.
" Lorne	"	Barclay Sound.
" Olympia	"	Yokohama.
" City of Topeka	"	Sitka.

CLEARED.

Str. Charmer.	for	Vancouver.
" City of Kingston	"	Port Townsend.
" Rosalie.	"	" "
" City of Topeka	"	" "
" R. P. Rithet	"	N. Westminster.
" Olympia	"	Tacoma.

Stub's Vegetable Blood Purifier—pure-y vegetable. x

Gardening tools at Cheapside. x

Back-Ache, Face-Ache, Sciatic Pains, Neuralgic Pains, Pain in the Side, etc.
Promptly Relieved and Cured by
The "D. & L." Menthol Plaster
Having used your D. & L. Menthol Plaster for severe pain in the back and lumbago, I unhesitatingly recommend same as a safe, sure and rapid remedy; in fact, they act like magic.—A. LAPOINTE, Elizabethtown, Ont.
Price 25c.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., LTD.
Proprietors, MONTREAL.

ONLY TWO DAYS MORE
Saturday Night we Close our Clearance Sale of Braund & Co.'s Stock. If you want any
Bargains in Stationery and Fancy Goods
Now is your time. Among other goods still remaining unsold there is a fine line of Photograph Albums, Ladies' Hand Bags, Photo Frames, and many useful articles.

HIBBEN & Co.

MINING SHARES FOR SALE at lowest market quotations in all the principal Trail Creek mines; for prices call at our office or write to us. A. W. More & Co., mining brokers, 70 Douglas street.

MONEY TO LOAN on Victoria real estate in sums to suit the borrower; repayable either in easy monthly payments or in one sum. A. W. More & Co., mortgage brokers, 70 Douglas street.

WANTED—Teachers and College students, men or women, to engage with us during vacation, at something entirely new. Can pay as high as $200.00 for the full term. Scores having operated during vacation, have engaged permanently on our staff, to their great benefit, and some have made fortunes. Do not doubt until you find out the facts, and that will cost nothing. Address immediately, The Bradley-Garretson Co., Ltd., Brantford, Ont. je10

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MONEY TO LOAN
On any approved security. Business strictly confidential. Private entrance Pandora street.
F. LANDSBERG,
P.O. Box 666. [fe25] Proprietor

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

Cricket at Esquimalt—The Wheel—Y.M.C.A Regatta at Victoria Arm.

At the Canteen ground on Saturday last the Barracks cricket team scored a decisive victory over the Naval Yard eleven, the feature of the match being the splendid not-out innings of Barraclough, who compiled 91 without a chance, the chief hits in which were six 4's and eleven 3's.

THE WHEEL.

ROADS ARE IN GOOD CONDITION.

The party of Victoria cyclists who took part in last Sunday's ride to Duncan found the roads in excellent condition and the ride delightful. At the end of the run Messrs. V. W. and P. L. Good, C. H. Barker, F. C. Geddes, Stanley Craig, Thomas C. Morgan, Wm. Stewart and A. L. Alladyce, of the Nanaimo club, were fallen in with, and a proposition was received from them that another combination run be arranged by the two clubs, with Duncan again as the meeting point. The V.W.C. riders who took last Sunday's trip were Messrs. G. H. Lincoln, W. Hewartson, Garrett F. Smith, A. Onions and T. Plimley.

THE OAR.

Y.M.C.A. REGATTA.

The executive of the Y.M.C.A. Rowing Club have drawn up their programme of races for the club regatta on Victoria Arm on Saturday, July 11. The following are the events: Double and single sculling races; four blade, tandem and single Peterboro canoe races; upset canoe race; four-oared pleasure boat race, with lady coxswains. The upset canoe and pleasure boat races are open to all comers, post entries, all others being club races. The membership of the club is increasing and the prospects for the season bright. A strong effort will be made to secure four-oared lapstreak boats before the close of the season.

THE VANCOUVER'S ANNUAL RACES.

The Vancouver boating club held their annual regatta on Saturday last, scoring a gratifying success from the social standpoint as well as that of good sport. The chief event of the day was the four-oared race won by Mr. Charleson's crew, made up as follows: P. W. Charleson (stroke), C. Worsnop, H. J. Cambie and G. R. Major (bow).

HERE AND THERE.

SNAP SHOTS AT ALL SPORTS.

The energetic executive of the Vancouver Jockey Club are sparing neither time nor expense in their effort to make the matinee at Hastings on the 27th an unqualified success.

Encouraged by the successive sensational victories of Emperor William's yacht Meteor, an Australian syndicate now talks of challenging next year for the America's cup.

Seventy-five crews will participate in the regatta of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen at Saratoga lake on the 21st of August.

Stub's Vegetable Blood Purifier—at all druggists x

Ice Creamers at Cheapside. x

IT IS THE BEST COUGH CURE I have ever used says G. Fred Anderson, of T. S. Simms & Co., in speaking of Norway Pine Syrup.

Tory or Grit,
It doesn't matter which you are, you will want to "keep cases" on the general election.
Rautenberg's . . . .
Election Return Score Cards
Are just the thing. Complete printed list of all the constituencies in Canada, with results of last general election and blank spaces left for you to fill in with result of the next. "The whole thing in a nut shell." Price 15c. each.
Jamieson {Books and Stationery, 61 Government Street.

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PLOWS, HARROWS, SEED DRILLS,
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BUGGIES AND CARTS
HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL,
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LOGGERS' SUPPLIES,
FOR SALE BY
E. G. PRIOR & CO., LTD.
Victoria, Vancouver and Kamloops.

WATSON'S DUNDEE WHISKY.
AN INSPIRING SPIRIT.
A WHIFF OF HEATHER.
SOLE AGENTS JOHN EARSMAN & CO., VICTORIA, B.C.

GEO. T. SLATER & SONS
Individuality . . . of Feet!
No two pairs of feet are exactly alike. Your kindest flat-footed friend could not make his shoes fit your narrow toed foot. But here's a shoe made in so many different shapes, widths and sizes, after Nature's forms, that any man can get his exact fit, no matter what kind of feet he is addicted to. Made by the famous Goodyear Welt process, in black or tan calf-skin. Each pair stamped on the sole $3.50, $4.50, $5.50 per pair.
The Slater Shoe (for Men.)
MONTREAL.
FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DEALERS.

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(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)
CAPITAL (with power to increase) £600,000 $2,920,000
RESERVE ..... £100,000 $ 486,666
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Agents and Correspondents: In Canada—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants' Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, Bank of Nova Scotia and Union Bank of Canada. In United States—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency) New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. In Australia and New Zealand—Bank of Australasia. In Honolulu—Bishop & Co.
Savings Bank Department.
Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.
Gold Dust purchased and every description of Banking Business transacted.
Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO. GILLESPIE, Manager.

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THE ONLY TRANSCONTINENTAL ROUTE
Running Through Trains from the Pacific to Atlantic } WITHOUT CHANGE {First-Class Sleepers and Tourist Cars
Boston . . . .
Montreal . . .
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THROUGH THE GRANDEST SCENERY ON THE CONTINENT.
For particulars and all information apply to
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THROUGH TICKETS
To and From all European Points.

FROM MONTREAL.		
Allan Line	Parisian	June 27
"	Laurentian	July 4
Dominion Line	Angloman	June 27
"	Vancouver	July 4
Beaver Line	Lake Ontario	June 24
"	Lake Superior	July 1
FROM NEW YORK.		
Cunard Line	Umbria	June 27
"	Lucania	July 4
American Line	St. Louis	June 24
"	St. Paul	July 1
White Star Line	Britannic	June 24
"	Majestic	July 1
Red Star Line	Friesland	June 24
"	Kensington	July 1
Anchor Line	Anchoria	June 27
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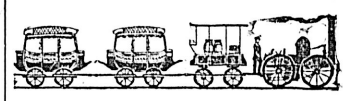

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a passenger train on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. No; its trains are vestibuled, heated by steam and lighted by electricity. Each sleeping car berth has an electric reading lamp. Its dining cars are the best in the world and its coaches are palaces on wheels.
This great Railway, connecting as it does with all transcontinental lines at St. Paul and Omaha, assures to the travelling public the best service known. Tickets, via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway are on sale at all railway ticket offices to any point in the United States or Canada. For maps, folders and other information, address:
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ja21

NOTICE.

Superior Street, between Menzies and Birdcage Walk, is closed to traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT.

June 2nd, 1896. je3

Without Warning!

Men and Women Drop Off Every Day From Heart Disease.

Paine's Celery Compound Cures This Prevalent and Terrible Trouble.

Testimony of a Lady Who Suffered for Long Years.

Day after day the newspapers give accounts of very sudden deaths from heart disease. The trouble is a common and a prevalent one in this busy and rushing age, but too often lightly regarded by those who experience the symptoms daily.

Symptoms may be summed up as follows: the nervous system is usually out of condition; there are sharp pains in the heart; it is impossible to take a long and deep breath; the pulse is irregular; there is palpitation; very often a dry irritable cough, and the sufferer is full of gloomy thoughts.

In order to cure heart disease, every one of the symptoms must be forever banished. The medicine to cure must possess the virtues and powers to strengthen the entire nervous system. Paine's Celery Compound is the only medicine that can build up and tone the nerves, and give to the life-stream—the blood—that purity and richness that guarantees freedom from all disease. Hundreds of physicians are prescribing Paine's Celery Compound every day for all forms of heart trouble, and their success is marvellous and encouraging.

Those who experience all the awful symptoms of heart disease, those who are brought to the verge of the grave by nervous debility, mental depression, sleeplessness, dyspepsia, liver and kidney affections, find in Paine's Celery Compound a true friend and life-giving agency.

Mrs. E. Rankin, of Courtright, Ont., writes:

"With great pleasure I beg to inform you of the good I have received from the use of Paine's Celery Compound. For a number of years I have been in very poor health owing to various causes, and lately I was advised to try your medicine. I used three bottles, and have received a world of good. My severe headaches are completely banished, and the heart disease from which I suffered for thirty years, has almost disappeared, and altogether I am vastly improved. I am fully convinced that Paine's Celery Compound is all that it is recommended to be."

WHERE IS THE CORRUPTION?

To the Editor:—The statutory declarations of Messrs. Thos. Tugwell and D. H. Warden, published in Thursday morning's Colonist, and that of Mr. F. G. Richards appearing in the Times in the evening, have been a surprise to the readers of the daily papers in this city, as many would hesitate to believe that such practices as are therein described are resorted to in this constituency.

Without entering, however, into any analysis of the conflicting statements in the declarations of Messrs. Tugwell and Warden on the one side, and Mr. Richards on the other, one cannot help expressing surprise that Mr. Templeman, whose honor is assailed, has not seen fit to contradict or deny the allegations in Tugwell's declaration having direct reference to Mr. Templeman's complicity with the proceedings.

Mr. Tugwell, in paragraph 4 of his declaration, says: "After I had finished my lunch Mr. Templeman followed me out to the street and entered into conversation with me. He asked me if I had seen Frank, meaning Frank Richards, I said yes, and he (Frank) tells me he wants certain information, and that you would guarantee that I would be looked after in case it was got. He said it would not do for him to know anything about that, but that he would endorse anything that Frank guaranteed. He further said it would not do for us to be seen together and he then left me."

Mr. Richards alleges that Mr. Templeman has not any knowledge of his conferences with Tugwell and Warden, but makes no attempt to deny any knowledge upon his part of this interesting conversation. Where is Mr. Templeman's denial of this meeting so emphatically described by Mr. Tugwell?

It must be remembered that Mr. Tugwell's declaration is for all purposes a sworn statement of what happened.

A Voter.

Victoria, 12th June, 1896.

AN INNOCENT ABROAD!

To the Editor:—Wouldn't it be a good plan for our Grit friends to appoint a committee of guardians to protect their head pusher, Frank Richards, jr., from the wiles and machinations of the wicked Tories? If allowed to go around alone the guileless youth might tumble into another pitfall when there would be still more weeping and gnashing of teeth in the opposition camp.

X.

From Now Until Spring

Overcoats and winter wraps will be in fashion. They can be discarded, temporarily, while traveling in the steam-heated trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. For solid comfort, for speed and for safety, no other line can compare with this great railway of the West.

Stub's Vegetable Blood Purifier—the best remedy. x

Will be found an excellent remedy for sick headache. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact. Try them.

THE BREATH OF THE PINES.

Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat and Lung Troubles are cured by Norway Pine Syrup. Price 25 and 50 cents. It breathes out the healing virtues of the pine forests.

CONSIDERATIONS FOR ELECTORS.

To the Editor:—The time is fast approaching when the representatives of the two political parties of the Dominion will appeal to a jury of their fellow-countrymen for a verdict upon their conduct, when it will become the duty of each elector to vote as, in his conscience, he believes will be for the best interests of the country.

The gentlemen who seek election in Victoria as opposed to the Liberal-Conservative party have published an address professing to deal with various points of policy. The main question to be settled at the election will probably be whether the N. P. is to be upheld or abandoned. The opposition claim that this policy has caused heavy loss to the country, which would have been avoided had it remained in power.

There are certain statistics which are usually regarded as affording sure indications of progress or retrogression such as the amounts of imports and exports, increases of population and of deposits in the banks. Now, in 1874, the value of the imports and exports was a little over two hundred and six million dollars, in 1879 this value had dropped to about one hundred and forty-three million and a half, a decrease under the Grit management of sixty odd million dollars. In 1890 it had again risen to over two hundred million; in 1893 to two hundred and twenty-seven millions and a half, and in 1895 had fallen, owing beyond a doubt to the commercial depression existing all over the world, to two hundred and eight millions and a third. If the state of trade and commerce depends upon the government policy the opposition has proved a conspicuous failure and the N. P. an unqualified success.

Are not the steadily increasing savings and deposits of a people a sure indication of progress? If so, note the following amounts in the savings banks, chartered banks and loan and building societies in 1878, $88,955,104; in 1895, $267,207,314, or an increase of over $10,000,000 for each and every one of those seventeen years. This does not look as if the N. P. had hurt the people badly.

The opposition carefully avoid making an understandable statement as to how they propose to provide the revenue necessary for carrying on the business of the country and at the same time reduce taxation. The debt of Canada is undeniably a heavy one, amounting to $253,074,927; but for what has it been contracted? In the first place, the Dominion has assumed a liability for the different provinces of $109,430,148. The purchase and opening up of the Northwest Territories has cost $6,588,908; the construction of the Intercolonial railway and its branches has cost $45,929,860; the C.P.R. has cost the Dominion $62,653,745; canal and river improvements have cost $46,886,815, making a total of $271,489,471, of which $18,414,544 has been paid.

It will hardly be denied that these works are essential to the progress of the country; but the Liberal-Conservative administration is by no means responsible for the whole of this debt. The Reformers increased the debt to the tune of over $8,000,000 each year they were in power, and if they had remained in power and it had increased in the same ratio we should now have the privilege of paying interest on $25,000,000 more than we do at present.

To my mind the so-called policy of the opposition is based very much on the confidence trick: "Put us in power just to show your confidence in us and you'll be prosperous for life." Possibly our fate would be similar to that of the unsuspicious yokel.

On the school question there is but little difference between Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Laurier; the former says that the minority have waited long enough for the rights for which the good faith of the Dominion is pledged, and that it is time now to cause the constitution of the Dominion to be respected; the latter thinks it would be better to wait a little longer, and then if the majority still decline to act justly he will invoke all the powers of the law and constitution to do what Sir Charles wishes to do at once. For myself, I fail to see why an act of justice should be postponed, but those of us who were here twenty years ago have a very clear remembrance of the way in which the provincial rights of British Columbia were trampled on by the Grit government; how solemn engagements were entered into and violated, compromises suggested, accepted and broken, till finally we had to appeal to Her Most Gracious Majesty to cause the agreements which had been made with her consent to be respected, as no promise or pledge appeared to be binding on a Grit ministry. "Fiat Justitia."

ACTUAL PROTECTION ENJOYED.

To the Editor:—In view of the erroneous statements made by certain people during the present campaign, to confuse not only the farmers, but others not so occupied, it might be well to show the actual protection enjoyed by the manufacturer and the farmer himself. The two industries which Victorians are interested in as well as the farmer, are, the flour mill and the oatmeal mill, and upon referring to the trade and navigation returns for the year ending 30th June, 1895, you will find that of oats, there was entered for home consumption 215,243 bushels, of a value of $66,834, upon which $21,524.41 of duty was paid, or a fraction over 32 per cent. of protection. Of oatmeal, the quantity entered for home consumption was 33,879 pounds, the value $953 and the duty paid $190.30, or about 20 per cent. protection, so that the farmer had 32 per cent on his product to protect him, and the manufacturer 20 per cent. Then as to wheat, 147,285 bushels were entered for home consumption, value $57,945, duty paid $22,105.37, a fraction over 38 per cent. protection to the farmer. Of flour 29,490 barrels, value $67,377, duty paid $22,118.34, a protection of not quite 33 per cent. In both cases the farmer has the benefit over the manufacturer. How could the farmer exist here if we had "Free trade as it is in England." Toby.

Victoria, June 15, 1896.

Are You One

Of those unhappy people who are suffering with weak nerves, starting at every slight sound, unable to endure any unusual disturbance, finding it impossible to sleep? Avoid opiate and nerve compounds. Feed the nerves upon blood made pure and nourishing by the great blood purifier and true nerve tonic, Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills assist digestion, prevent constipation. 25c.

For a variety of nice refreshing cold drinks come and see M. C. Brown, Adelphi corner.

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"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

"First in Purity."

BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL.

Of all STORES, and at the LEADING HOTELS and RESTAURANTS.

Stubs' Vegetable Blood Purifier

PURELY VEGETABLE.

A few of the testimonials from people in Victoria have been published.

HERE IS ANOTHER.

After Forty Years of Suffering Was Cured in Three Days.

Messrs. Bentley & McGregor:

Dear Sirs,—I think it my duty to let you know what the German Pain and Rheumatic Cure has done for me. I have suffered for 40 years with rheumatics, and nothing seemed to do me any good. I was advised to try the German Pain and Rheumatic Cure and I did so, and the result was a perfect cure in three days. I was able to go about my business. I recommend it before all others as a perfect cure. No one need suffer from rheumatism after a case like mine. Yours truly,

S. WHITLEY.

40 Quadra street, Victoria, B.C.

FOR THE STOMACH, LIVER, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.

For Sale by all Druggists and Wholesale by Langley & Henderson Bros., Vancouver.

Bentley & McGregor, - - - - Sole Proprietors.

RECIPE—For making a Delicious Health Drink at Small Cost.

Adams' Root Beer Extract...One Bottle
Fleischmann's Yeast.....Half a Cake
Sugar.....Two Pounds
Lukewarm Water.....Two Gallons.

Dissolve the sugar and yeast in the water, add the extract, and bottle; put in a warm place for twenty-four hours until it ferments, then place on ice when it will open sparkling and delicious.

The root beer can be obtained in all drug and grocery stores in 10 and 25 cent bottles to make two and five gallons. ap11-4m

Professional people use Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum. It keeps the voice clear and strong, and the physical system in first-class condition.

Allow no imitations to be palmed off on you. See that the Trade Mark name

TUTTI FRUTTI

is on each 5c. package.

Save coupons inside of wrappers for

LATEST BOOKS. 101

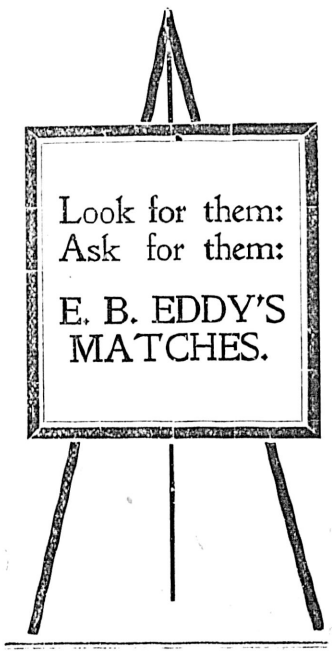
THE TRIUMPH OF LOVE!

A Happy, Fruitful MARRIAGE!

EVERY MAN who would KNOW the GRAND TRUTHS; the Plain Facts; the Old Secrets and the New Discoveries of Medical Science, as applied to Married Life, should write for our wonderful little book, called "PERFECT MANHOOD."

To any earnest man we will mail one copy Entirely Free, in plain sealed cover. "A refuge from the quacks." Address

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.



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Ask for them:
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Importer and dealer in

Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods.

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New York to Southampton.

SS. NEW YORK.....Sailing July 8, 10 a.m.
SS. ST. LOUIS.....Sailing July 15, 10 a.m.

And every Wednesday thereafter.

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no27-6m Cor. Fort and Gov't Sts., Victoria.

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SHASTA--Through Oregon and California, passing Mount Shasta.
OGDEN---Through Sacramento, Salt Lake and Denver.
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THE ONLY ALL-RAIL LINE TO

CALIFORNIA.

Excursions every five days to all points in California.

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Dist. Pass. and Freight Agent,
619 First ave., Seattle, Wash.

E. P. ROGERS, A. G. F. & P. A., Portland.
my24-tf

NOTICE.

Rock Bay Bridge is closed to vehicular traffic until full examination and further notice.

By order of the Mayor.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

City Hall, Victoria, B.C.,
May 27, 1896. my28

NOTICE.

Belleville Street, between McClure Street and Birdcage Walk, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

jn3

CHAS. HAYWARD,

Funeral Director and Embalmer

52 Government Street, Victoria.

The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

MONEY MAKING AS AN APPLIED SCIENCE—The Chicago markets now offer a splendid chance for a comparatively safe investment on a careful, conservative basis. On the co-operative plan chances of big profits are largely increased. Write us for further particulars. Reliable information free on application. Monetary Grain Association, Chicago. ap8

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ROCK BALLAST—NO DUST.

Connecting at Duluth with the magnificent passenger

Strs. Northwest and Northland

For Sault Ste. Marie, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo and all points East. The trip of a lifetime.

The Shortest Route to Kootenay Points.

Overland leaves Seattle 10 p.m. Coast line 9:15 a.m. Overland arrives Seattle 8 a.m. Coast line 5:30 p.m.

For further information call on or address

R. C. STEVENS, G.W.P.A., Seattle. J. H. ROGERS, Agent, 75 Government St.

Spokane Falls & Northern Railway.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RAILWAY.

ONLY ROUTE TO TRAIL CREEK

And Mineral District of the Colville Reservation, Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenai Lake and Slocan Points.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Nelson, B.C.

7:00 a.m Lv..... SPOKANE ....Ar. 6:15 p.m.
8:40 a.m. Lv.....NELSON.....Ar. 5:00 p.m.

Passengers for Trail Creek Mines connect at Northport with stages and steamer daily.

Close connections at Nelson with steamers for Kaslo and all Kootenai Lake points.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.

FOR PUGET SOUND POINTS.

TAKE THE FINE STEAMER

"CITY OF KINGSTON"

Speed 18 knots. Tonnage 1147.

8:30 pm	M1	Lv*....Victoria.....Ar	10	4:30 pm
11:45 pm	38	....Port Townsend....	72	1:30 pm
3:00 am	82	.....Seattle	28	10:15 am
4:45 am	110	Ar.....Tacoma ...* Lv	M1	8:00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points East and South.

*Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agent, Victoria, B.C.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO R'Y.

STEAMER JOAN

L. P. Locke, Master.

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as reigh and passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria, Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street. ap25

FOR PUGET SOUND POINTS.

SS. Rosalie

Leaves Victoria daily (except Sundays) at 10 a.m.; returning leaves Seattle daily (except Sundays) at 12:30 a.m. Fares:

TO PORT TOWNSEND $1.50
TO SEATTLE..... 2.50
TO TACOMA 3.00

Round trip tickets at reduced rates. For tickets and information call on

J. K. DEVLIN, Agent,
no21 75 Government Street.

C. P. Navigation Co., Ld.

TIME TABLE No. 27.

Takes effect June 21st, 1895.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.

For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby and Pender Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock

Leave New Westminster for Victoria—Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Company will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer, will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound Ports the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
Victoria, January 1st.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia

In the Matter of "The Winding Up Act," and amendments thereto, and the Companies Act, 1890, and of an Application to wind up The Slocan Store Company, Limited Liability.

Notice is hereby given that by an order made by the Honourable Mr. Justice Drake in the above matter, dated 30th day of May, 1896, on the petition of Michael McAndrews, of Sandon, B.C., it was ordered that the said Slocan Store Company, Limited Liability, be wound up under the provisions of the Winding Up Act, and that all suits, actions or other proceedings against the company should be stayed, and by the said order George S. West, of Sandon, aforesaid, accountant, was appointed provisionally liquidator of the said Company, without security.

McPHILLIPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD,
je2-3w Solicitors for the said Petitioner.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

RUNS

2-TRAINS DAILY-2

—TO—

ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, DULUTH, FARGO, GRAND FORKS, CROOKSTON, WINNIPEG, HELENA, SPOKANE.

The only line running TWO daily trains across the continent.

The Only All-Rail Route to the Kootenay Gold Fields.

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To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and all Points East and South.

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Via the Northern Pacific SS. Co.

For full information, time cards, maps, etc call on or address

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Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria, B.C.

A. D CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
225 Morrison St., cor. Third St., Portland, Or.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry

TIME TABLE No. 25,

To take effect at 8 a.m. on Saturday, March 21 1896. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH.

	Daily	Sat. & Sun.
Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Wellington	A.M. 8:00	P.M. 4:00
Ar. Nanaimo	11:35	7:25
Ar. Wellington	12:00	7:45

GOING SOUTH.

	Daily	Sat. & Sun.
	A.M.	P.M.
Lv. Wellington for Victoria	8:20	4:15
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria	8:45	4:32
Ar. Victoria	12:20	8:00

For rates and information apply at Company's offices.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, General Freight and Passenger Agent.

oc29

Oregon-Asiatic Steamship Line.

For Honolulu . . . . China & Japan.

SS. ASLOUN—4,300 tons dead weight. Due 25th June.

SS. MOUNT LEBANON—3,900 tons. Due 15th July.

Puget Sound & Central America SS. Co.

SS. TRANSIT—Sailing monthly for Central American ports.

For freight and particulars apply to

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—IMPORTERS OF—

JAPANESE RICE, SILK AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Board of Trade Building, Victoria.

BELLINGHAM BAY S. & T. CO'Y.

Victoria-Whatcom Route.

STR. ISLAND BELLE

Leaves Whatcom on Wednesdays, calling at Roche Harbor, Friday Harbor, West Sound and East Sound, connecting at Sidney with the V. & S. R.R. afternoon train for Victoria.

Returning leaves Sidney on Thursdays, calling at way ports and making close connections at Whatcom with the Great Northern and C.P.R trains, north and south, and with steamers for up-Sound.

For freight and passenger rates apply to

JOS. KILDALL, General Manager,
or to
T. W. PATERSON, Whatcom,
General Manager V. & S. R.R.,
no23-tf Victoria

PACIFIC COAST SS. CO.

Despatch a Steamer every five days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf, at 8 p.m.

Umatilla, June 21.

FOR ALASKA.

Alki, June 9.
City of Topeka, June 16, July 1 and 16.
Queen, June 6 and 21, July 6 and 21.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents

No trouble

to furnish information about Splendid Service offered via "The North-Western Line" from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Milwaukee and Chicago—it's a pleasure. If you contemplate a trip East, please drop a line to T. W. Teasdale, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn., and receive Illustrated Folder free, with detailed information about the superb trains leaving Minneapolis and St. Paul every day in the week, together with any special information you may desire. Your Home Agent will sell you tickets via this first-class line and reserve you Sleeping Car Berths in advance on application. F. W. Parker, Puget Sound Agent, Seattle.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE VICTORIA STOCK EXCHANGE.

SHARE LIST.

June 15, 1896.

Name of Stock.	Asked.	Bid.
B.C. deb. 1874, red'ble 1899	.....	.....
" 1877, " 1907	*123–126	.....
" 1877, " 1917	*118–121	.....
B.C. in. stk, 1891-5, red. 1941	*103–104	.....
Bank of British Columbia	£20	.....
Bank of Montreal	.....	.....
B.C. Corporation, Ld	.....	.....
B.C. Land & Inv. Agency, Ld.	$86.50	.....
Great West Life Assurance Co	$50	.....
B.C. Board of Trade Bdg Ass.	$50, $30	.....
Canadian Pacific Nav. Co.	$75	.....
Victoria-Phœnix Brewing Co.	$51.25,$50	.....
Cariboo M.&S. Co.cap. $800,000.	37c	.....
Iron Mask M Co. " 500,000.	83c	.....
Josie Gold M. Co., " 700,000.	52½, 52c	.....
O.K. Gold M. Co " $1,000,000.	40c	.....
St.Elmo Gold.M Co" $1,000,000.	17, 14½c	.....
War Eagle M. Co. " 500,000.	$1.79½	.....

*London quotations.

MEMBERS AND BROKERS.

Baker, E. Crow,	Hutcheson, James,
Barff, Lionel C.,	Jones, A. W.,
Chapman, Henley,	Ker, D. R.,
Cuthbert, Herbert,	Kirk, G. A.,
Davidge, F. C.,	Leiser, Gus.,
Davies, Joshua,	More, A. W.,
Earle, Thomas,	Pemberton, F. B.,
Ellis, W. H.,	Prior, E. G.,
Elworthy, F.,	Renouf, C. E.,
Flumerfelt, A. C.,	Rithet, R. P.,
Hall, Thos. B.,	Swinerton, Robt. H.
Holland, C. A.,	Turner, J. H.

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMALT STATION, June 14, 1896.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

1 a.m..	51·	Mean 55·	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a.m..	50·		
9 a.m..	59·	Highest 62·	5 a.m.—Calm.
1 p.m..	60·		1 p.m.—4 S.
5 p.m..	57·	Lowest 49·	9 p.m.—1 S.
9 p.m..	53·		Rain—.00.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.
Sun.—6 hr. 42 min.

Barometer 9 a.m... (Observed .....30.210 (Reduced 30.165

E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

KOLACYLS—For bicyclists and athletes.
KOLA-STEARNS—A brain, nerve, and muscle stimulant.
KOLAVIN—strengthens all who undergo great physical or mental exertion. At

The People's Popular Prescription Pharmacy,

Gov't Street, near new P.O. Always open

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer ROSALIE from the Sound—Mrs Wall, T W Miles, R Harrison, Mr. McBain, D A McCrey, L Sherman, F Cramer, S T Brinker, S H Ewing, Sam Johnson, Francis Bullock, W O Donald, James Millan, Gube Furgeson, J Isaacs, B Phelps, T Delese, Chris Sommers, O Hagen, John Banks, E McKay, Ed Sabin, Wm Ross, Gus Anderson, John Lancurst, Olney Bery, J S Peterson, J Oleson, W D Scrogling, M Durgan, R Martin, J Brown, T Granite, and C Campbell.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer ROSALIE from the Sound—Weiler Bros, Hall Ross & Co, E McKay, D H Ross & Co, Watson & Hall & Speed Bros.

BIRTH.

MENUT—At Cherbourg, France, on the 15th June, the wife of Henri E. Menut, of a son.

THE CALGARY SHOOTING.

Death of Interpreter Godin—The Particulars of the Shooting—A Revengeful Act.

CALGARY, June 13.—(Special) — A. Godin died this morning at 8 o'clock. The stories of the affair are conflicting. As near as can be learned Godin went across the Bow marsh to a hill beyond where Ducharme was, according to Godin's statement, to arrest Ducharme. The two got drinking, and an altercation ensued, when Ducharme snatched police interpreter Godin's revolver from him and fired. The shot entered about the middle of the abdomen and took an upward course, passing through his left lung and out at his back. Godin then snatched the revolver from Ducharme and fired two shots, the second piercing Ducharme's right breast and killing him in a few minutes. Godin then rode to barracks where he was placed in the hospital and examined by the doctors, but he expired as stated. The only persons present at the shooting were Ducharme's parents and a little boy. The boy states that both were drinking, and a half empty bottle of gin was found where the shooting occurred. It appears that Ducharme had just been released from a term in barracks for selling liquor to Indians and vowed vengeance on the informer Godin. Hence the row yesterday when both were drinking. Godin was well thought of by the police as an interpreter.

PERSONAL.

W. Myers Gray, of the Westminster bar, is among the arrivals at the Driard.

Campbell Sweeny, manager of the Bank of Montreal, Vancouver, is at the Driard.

His Lordship Bishop Perrin left by the Joan this morning on a short vacation, which will probably last a few weeks.

Miss Minnie Ellis, who has been visiting at her brother's, W. H. Ellis, returned East by Sunday's train, accompanied by Master Leslie Ellis.

SOME 85 excursionists arrived from the Sound on the steamer Rosalie at 1:30 o'clock on Sunday afternoon. They came from Port Blakeley, and brought with them the Luben and Langer brass band of Seattle. Music was furnished upon their arrival, and their stay here until 6 o'clock in the evening was very pleasant. The excursion was under the auspices of the Knights of Pythias and Odd Fellows of Port Blakeley.

Subscribe for The Semi-Weekly Colonist.

POINT ELLICE BRIDGE

The Text of the Greater Part of the City Council Business Last Evening.

Question of Responsibility Discussed —Temporary Connection With Victoria West Requested.

Although yesterday evening's meeting of the aldermanic board was continued considerably beyond the time limit prescribed by the rules, the list of business was not exhausted by any means when the council rose—and it had then been decided to hold a special session to-morrow, at which the remaining items may be disposed of. The waterworks improvements at Beaver lake; the providing of immediate connection for vehicular traffic, either temporary or otherwise, between the city proper and Victoria West; the placing of the Jubilee hospital on a self-maintaining basis—these were a few of the more important subjects dealt with last night. Mayor Beaven as usual occupied the chair, and the full board were present.

The waterworks matters were the first to receive consideration, being brought forward in the draft of a new agreement between the city and Messrs. Walkely, King & Casey, which was fully explained in the communication from the Mayor with which it was transmitted to the council. In this message His Worship said:

"I have to submit herewith the draft of agreement between Messrs. Walkely, King & Casey and the Corporation as presented to me for signature, and wish to be informed whether it meets with the views of the council. It will be observed that under its provisions the Corporation now take over the reservoir as it stands from the contractors and accept it fully, three months from the date of signature instead of three months after the completion and acceptance in writing of the entire work by the corporation. Attention is also directed to the reference in this agreement to the alleged claim of the contractors for extras on the reservoir. As I understand the subject, the agreement of the council is to take over from the contractors the finishing of the concrete work on the slopes of the reservoir, and pay them for some broken rock, provided an agreement can be entered into that does not in any way interfere with any other part of the contract as a whole."

Bearing on the same subject and accompanying His Worship's letter to the council was the following from the City Solicitor:

VICTORIA, June 15, 1895.

His Worship the Mayor,—

YOUR WORSHIP:—I have the honor to report that I prepared, with the approval of Mr. W. J. Taylor, the contract between Messrs. Walkeley, King & Casey and the corporation, for the corporation to take over the reservoir as it stands, upon being allowed by the contractors the sum of $7,440 less the sum of 315.42 for broken stone in the reservoir—the sum to be allowed the corporation therefore being $7,124.58. This contract was submitted to Messrs. Bodwell & Irving, who proposed as you are aware a number of alterations, most of which they have since waived as they were objectionable to the corporation. As the contract now stands the corporation are in consideration of being allowed $7,124.58 to take over the reservoir in its present condition and to release the contractors from all claims in respect of the same except with regard to any defects that may be discovered in the work done by the contractors within three months form the signing of the contract. The agreement is to be without prejudice to the claim of the contractors for extras on account of reservoir as well as the filter beds and without prejudice to the contractors a right to receive the 25 per cent. of the contract price retained by the corporation and the amount of the marked check. I consider the contract as now settled unobjectionable and fair to both parties.

I have the honor to be, etc.,
(Sd.) C. DUBOIS MASON."

The presentation of the agreement here referred to and the covering letters above set forth provoked a long discussion in which much old ground in connection with the waterworks improvements was again traversed. The resolution to accept the agreement was finally adopted on a division, the votes of Ald. Partridge and Humphrey being recorded in the negative. The latter alderman was anxious that it be clearly understood that he did not oppose the resolution, but was simply desirous that the action be deferred.

In connection with the use by the tramway company of city bridges, a series of communications that have recently passed between the Mayor and the legal representatives of the Consolidated Railway company were read to the council. The first of these, from Messrs. McPhillipps, Wootton & Barnarn to the Mayor and Aldermen, bears date of June 10, and deals in detail with the right of the company, under their charter, to use the bridges of the city. Referring to the agreement between the city and the company of November 20, 1888, confirmed by the Consolidated Railways Act of last session, the company contended that not only were they given express rights as users of all city bridges over which their lines would naturally pass, but that the city was and is bound in law to maintain those bridges in a manner suitable for use by the cars of the company. Attention was also directed by the company's solicitors to the present inability of the company to carry out the terms of the agreement with the city with relation to the regular operation of cars—for which inability they blame the council and intimate that they will hold that body responsible. In connection with the Point Ellice bridge this letter sets forth that the company had by both statute and agreement the right to operate their railway upon it, and it was maintained that the recent disaster was due to the failure of the city's property, not the company's, the responsibility being thereby held to rest upon the city not the company. The company also pointed out that the city possessed the power to enact regulations for the preservation of the public safety upon public conveyances, and, having neglected to exert this power, had only themselves to blame for any overcrowding, if such had occurred. The company further gave notice that they would hold the city liable for all loss to their business resulting not only from the closing of the other city bridges to their traffic, but also for the non-existence of Point Ellice bridge at the present time as an avenue for their cars to reach the Esquimalt line.

"We have previously laid communications before your honorable body," the closing paragraphs of this letter proceeded, "pointing this out and intimating the company's willingness to enter into details, but so far the only answer is that the bridges are closed to car traffic. The bridges being closed may result in the company reducing their car service, and the intervals of time between cars will become much greater than now obtains, and all on account of the city's inaction. It should not be forgotten that the company's undertaking is a matter of convenience to the public, and to destroy it will certainly not redound to the city's advantage. We may say in conclusion that the aidance of the courts will have to be invoked unless some evidence be given on the part of the city that there is willingness to meet and overcome the situation."

To this the Mayor had replied three days later as follows:

"Referring to your letter of the 10th instant, I am convinced that if the Consolidated Railway Company expressed a willingness to enter into a proper agreement as to the bridges, and only to run cars at a fixed speed and of a proper size and weight over the James Bay bridge, and not to allow more than a given number of passengers in each car, an arrangement on such lines could be brought about and the bridge opened to that class of traffic at an early date. The desire of the council is to protect the lives of the public using the bridge, and the interests of the city generally, with reference to that and similar structures within the city limits."

To this letter the representatives of the car company replied under date of yesterday, expressing satisfaction that the council had intimated its readiness to discuss arrangements by which the bridges might be again opened to tramway traffic and suggesting a conference as to desirable regulations between Mr. Barnard, the president, and Mr. Cheney, the superintendent, of the tramway company on the one side, and the council or a committee of the council on the other. In the concluding paragraphs of this communication, Messrs. McPhillipps, Wootton & Barnard pointed out that "Whilst the company is willing that regulations be made, and whilst it was open to the council to have made such regulations before, the company in no way admits that it had not the right to have its cars loaded as they have been in the past. The company's liability as to loading is that of their means of conveyance; i.e., if a car fails, a question of liability might arise, but not where the highway or bridge, the property of a municipal body, is proved to be defective."

Two other communications—notification and reply—touch directly upon the question of responsibility for the bridge disaster, and are as below:

VICTORIA, B.C., June 13, 1896.

F. S Barnard, Esq., President Consolidated Railway Co., Victoria, B.C.:

DEAR SIR:—Owing to the methods of operating your railway in this city, the size and weight of cars running thereon, and the overloading of the same with passengers, etc., the Point Ellice bridge, situate within the municipal limits, was destroyed, as you are aware, on the 26th ult. Whilst not wishing to importune or inconvenience you, I must call your attention to the fact that the corporation have not been advised of any action either in contemplation or otherwise on the part of your company to repair the damage and restore the traffic thus disarranged.

Yours truly,
(S'd.) ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

VICTORIA, B.C., June 15, 1896.

To His Worship the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, City:

GENTLEMEN:—Mr. F. S. Barnard, president of the Consolidated Railway Company has handed us your letter of the 13th inst., with instructions to answer same. We may say that the company deny any and all liability in respect to Point Ellice bridge, both as respects the city and all others. We were not aware that the city claimed property in the bridge, but, be that as it may, the company had the right of user merely, and according to our view the company had the right to assume that the bridge was fit for the purposes to which it was put. The finding of the coroner's jury is erroneous and futile as indicating any liability.

We have the honor to be, etc.,
(Sd.) MCPHILLIPPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD.

On these last two communications no action by the council appeared to be necessary. The subject matter of the former letters passing between the company and His Worship the Mayor it was decided to refer to a special committee composed of Ald. Marchant (the mover in the matter), Humphrey and Macmillan. They are instructed to act under the advice of the city barrister and city solicitors, and will after conferring with the representatives of the tramway report to the council as to what regulations it appears to be desirable to place upon traffic, so that the bridges may be reopened to the use of the cars, and the service proceed as formerly.

With regard to the affairs of the Jubilee hospital, a letter was read from the secretary of that institution, Mr. H. M. Yates, in which it was urged that despite the efforts of the management toward economy in conjunction with continued efficiency, the deficit of the institution was increasing rather than diminishing, being now slightly more than $9,000. Letters were enclosed from a number of business men, creditors of the hospital, for considerable amounts, in which they sought payment, and the secretary urged on behalf of the directors, for whom he wrote, that some means be devised by the council for the wiping out of the hospital deficit. It was thought that with clear books to commence with the management of the hospital would be able, with the city grant of $5,000 and the provincial allowance, to make the revenue meet the running expenses.

ALD. MARCHANT made this communication the text of a long address, in which he said that something was radically wrong with the direction of the hospital affairs to make such an appeal necessary. It would be more economical for the city, in his opinion, to withdraw its financial contribution toward the maintenance of the hospital and pay for city patients as they receive treatment. In any event the city auditor should be instructed to go carefully through the hospital books and accounts before the continuation of the grant was thought of, and the grant should be made contingent on the deficit being reduced in the future. He believed that the complaints against the management of the hospital were well founded, and holding to the opinion that greater economy might be introduced in the direction of the affairs of the hospital without in any way impairing the efficiency of the institution, he moved that a special committee of the council confer with the hospital board as to the improvement of the management.

ALD. WILSON was of the opinion that Ald. Marchant, although he had spoken long and spoken well, had at the same time said nothing—for he had been discussing a subject of which he had no information. Personally, he thought that the hospital could never be made a self-maintaining institution. If it were closed, however, the city would find a much heavier bill of expense present itself, for the care of the indigent sick. He too favored a conference between the city and the hospital directors, as some good might come of it, and it certainly could do no harm.

ALD. MACMILLAN held that the entire trouble was that the medical men were dissatisfied with the management of the hospital, by which their cases were taken from them as soon as they passed into the institution. The result was that free patients were as a rule sent to the Jubilee, and the pay patients went to St. Joseph's—with the natural result that the latter institution was prosperous while the city hospital was sinking deeper and deeper in debt. He thought that the committee should ascertain the feeling of the medical fraternity toward the hospital and try and bring about a better understanding—it was here that the whole trouble rested.

The scope of the committee's inquiry was enlarged to meet Ald. Macmillan's suggestion and the resolution as proposed by Ald. Marchant passed unopposed.

THE MAYOR named Ald. Marchant, Macmillan, Wilson, Glover and Cameron to form the committee.

Communications were quickly disposed of from the clerk of the Wellington council, inviting the board to attend the celebration of Dominion day at Wellington—accepted with thanks; R. S. Perry, clerk of the Spallumcheen council, expressing sympathy with Victoria in view of the Point Ellice disaster—ordered to be spread on the minutes; John Smith, urging payment to him of $150 alleged to be due as informer's fees under the Indian act—referred to the police commissioners; and J. F. L. Meyer, asking for a reduction of taxation on his Cormorant street property—filed, with the intimation to the writer that the council does not possess the power to grant his application.

From Hon. W. D. Wood, Mayor of Seattle, came the following communication, dated June 10: "Your communication of May 19 last containing full statement of the reasons why His Worship the Mayor and the Board of Aldermen of your city were unable to grant our request for the admission of a leper patient to your settlement at Darcey island, has been received. Great pressure of work has prevented an earlier reply. Please accept our thanks for the full consideration that has been given this request, and be assured that we appreciate fully and concur in the reasons which have made it impossible to grant our request. Allow me also to assure you in behalf of the officers and citizens of this city of the fullest sympathy on our part for you in the unfortunate accident which occurred on the Queen's Birthday."

This, too, went on file.

Ex-Ald. W. J. Ledingham wrote requesting the council to repudiate certain statements he had seen ascribed to a Roman Catholic priest of San Francisco in the Examiner of that city with reference to insults offered the American flag in Victoria. The council decided that the matter was beneath the attention of the Victoria board of aldermen, and filed Mr. Ledingham's letter.

H. S. Fairall, writing from Victoria West, urged the council to do something at once to provide Victoria West with connection for vehicles with the city, pointing out that unless such facilities were speedily provided it meant ruin for Victoria West business men. This letter produced half a dozen resolutions the majority of which failed even to find seconders. Ald. Marchant wanted the streets committee to report on the subject as quickly as possible; Ald. Williams proposed that the Mayor convene a special meeting for Wednesday to deal with the subject; Ald. Macmillan moved that Mr. H. P. Bell be engaged to prepare an estimate for the construction of a pile bridge for vehicular and pedestrian traffic a little to the south of the present Point Ellice bridge—and also to say whether or not it was practicable to carry out the recommendation of the City Engineer to repair Point Ellice bridge by substituting a pile bridge for the broken span. Ald. Cameron held that it was immediate relief that was wanted, and thought that this could only be provided by the making of some arrangement with the Messrs. Dunsmuir for the use of the railway bridge at certain hours. He moved in this direction, and his resolution was carried, the motion by Ald. Williams afterwards passing that a special council meeting be held to-morrow evening to discuss the question of arranging more permanent relief in the matter.

Mr. Fairall in his communication suggested that a cantilever bridge be built near the present railway bridge, while City Engineer Wilmot in a report to the council on the subject of repairing Point Ellice bridge said that a new pile bridge for all uses other than those of the street railway could be built for about $5,200, or the broken span might be filled in with a pile bridge for about half the amount quoted.

Just prior to the adjournment several reports received consideration, the most important being that of the finance committee passing appropriations in which were included a number of accounts in connection with the bridge disaster. A total of some $2,000 or more was set down as the expense of funerals, and as there was some difference of opinion among the members of the cemetery committee as to the bills of the undertakers this item was held over and the remainder of the votes approved.

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PROFESSOR D'ARCY W. THOMPSON, of England, and Messrs. James Macoun and Andrew Halkett, of Ottawa, arrived on the R. P. Rithet last evening en route north to study seal life in Behring sea. The trio are quartered at the Driard, but will probably be leaving shortly on the United States fish commission steamer Albatross.